

Rio de Janeiro, May 3, 2023

Transmissora Aliança de Energia Elétrica S.A. ("Taesa" or the "Company"; B3: TAEE3, TAEE4, TAEE11), one of Brazil's largest concessionaire groups in electricity transmission, announces today its results for the first quarter of 2023.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company are prepared and issued in accordance with the accounting practices set forth in the Accounting Manual for the Electricity Sector, by the National Electrical Energy Agency (ANEEL) and with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), defined in this document as Regulatory Results and IFRS Results, respectively. The presentation of this information is in line with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities Exchange Commission (CVM) applicable to the preparation of Financial Statements.

In the Regulatory Results presented below, prepared based on the structure prevailing in the Accounting Manual for the Electricity Sector as issued by ANEEL, all investments in the construction of transmission lines and substations are recorded as fixed assets and the effects of the application of CPC 47 (IFRS 15) are eliminated, including the fiscal impact (deferred IR and social contribution and deferred PIS and COFINS) are recognized on the differences arising from the temporary application of this interpretation.

It is important to mention that the Regulatory Results are audited annually in the disclosure of the regulatory financial statements to ANEEL. Therefore, the deadline for completing the audit of the Regulatory Financial Statements (DCR's) ends on April 30 of each year; that is, matters specifically related to regulatory accounting disclosed prior to the conclusion of the DCRs are subject to change.

To facilitate the understanding of the information presented herein, the terms associated with the words Regulatory and IFRS follow the same principles and structure defined above for the Regulatory Results and IFRS Results, respectively.

In line with accounting standards, Taesa does not proportionally consolidate jointly controlled and associated companies. Thus, the results of ETAU, Aimorés, Paraguaçu, Ivaí and the TBE group are accounted for in the equity method line both in the IFRS and in the Regulatory Results.

The operational management of the Transirapé, Transudeste and Transleste concessions (together, "Transmineiras") is now carried out by the TBE group. As of the second quarter of 2022, Transmineiras' earnings have been incorporated into TBE's earnings. For comparison purposes, the respective quarters of the previous year have also undergone this pro forma adjustment.

Taesa's dividends distribution is based on the IFRS Results as reviewed by the auditor.



Videoconference call in English (simultaneous translation)

Webcast in English and Portuguese: Click here

May 4, 2023 Thursday New York 10am Brasília 11am

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1. MESSAGE FROM MANAGEMENT

SOLID EARNINGS AMIDST A CHALLENGING MACRO SCENARIO

Taesa presented solid earnings with growth in the first quarter of 2023, proving its commitment to its strategic pillars of sustainable growth, operational efficiency, financial discipline and value creation.

The Company's regulatory net operating revenue, on a proportional consolidation basis, grew by 23.9% compared to the first quarter of 2022, totaling R\$ 828.0 million. Regulatory EBITDA in 1Q23 reached R\$ 733.8 million, also in the proportional view, with a growth of 25.8% and an EBITDA margin of 88.6% in the period, above the margin of the first quarter of 2022 (+1.3 percentage points), mainly due to the operational start-up of the 5 projects under construction in the last twelve months: ESTE, Aimorés, Paraguaçu, Sant'Ana and Ivaí – the last two with partial entry.

From an operational point of view, the Company reached a 99.88% line availability rate in 2022 and a reversed variable portion of R\$ 5 million due to a non-recurring event last year, which was external to the Company and was successfully reverted, highlighting its consistency in operational excellence and management of its transmission lines.

We remain dedicated to our projects under construction with the recent completion of additional phases of the Sant'Ana and Ivaí projects, inching closer to their final conclusions, in addition to the signing of the concession contracts at the end of March of this year for the two lots won at the December 2022 auction. One of these, the Saíra concession, is already receiving 72.2% of its total RAP, or R\$ 121.1 million, as of March 31st. Including the operational start-up of the ESTE, Aimorés and Paraguaçu projects and Sant'Ana (partially) and Ivaí projects last year, these recent deliveries all add a RAP of approximately R\$ 586 million for the Company (2022-2023 RAP cycle – added of PIS/COFINS), considering Taesa's proportional stake in these concessions. The other projects under construction, Ananaí, Pitiguari, Tangará, the 2nd phase of Saíra and reinforcements at Novatrans continue to advance according to their respective schedules and will add a RAP of more than R\$ 370 million to the Company when they begin commercial operations.

In terms of IFRS (accounting) results, the Company recorded a net income of R\$ 386.8 million in the quarter, a decrease of 30.9% compared to 1Q22. This was mainly due to the decrease in monetary restatement revenue of contractual assets, driven by lower macroeconomic indices between the compared periods, primarily the IGP-M, which registered a cumulative +0.60% in 1Q23 vs. +4.59% in 1Q22.

It should be noted that, on May 2, 2023, the Company published its 2022 sustainability report, with the main achievements, actions and practices of the Taesa Group during the past year. Among the highlights are the evolution of the adoption of the Materiality Matrix, prioritization of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) associated with the material topics of the matrix, and several social and environmental indicators, in addition to its presentation within the rules of the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI).

Also in the first quarter of 2023, Taesa concluded its 13th debenture issuance in the amount of R\$ 1 billion at CDI + 1.5% with 2-year term, which demonstrated the successful execution and settlement of a debt operation in the face of a challenging market scenario in early 2023.

Finally, on April 27, 2023, the Annual Shareholders' Meeting approved the allocation of net income for 2022. The total amount of dividends and interest on capital approved for the 2022 fiscal year were R\$ 1,244.8 million (R\$ 3.61 / Unit) including the payment of remaining mandatory minimum dividends of R\$ 26 million (R\$ 0.08 / Unit) to be paid by December 31, 2023, based on the shareholding position on May 3 and date-ex on May 4, 2023.





MISSION

We connect Brazil with safe and reliable electric power.



VISION

To be the electric power transmission company of greatest Value to society.



VALUES

We genuinely care for people.

We act with **integrity** building relationships of **trust**.

We seek **excellence** in everything we do.

We are TAESA!



2. SUMMARY OF RESULTS

	Consolidated			Consolida	ted and As	sociated
R\$ MM	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%
Net Revenues IFRS	692.9	795.6	-12.9%	1,150.9	1,263.4	-8.9%
Net Income IFRS	386.8	559.9	-30.9%	386.8	559.9	-30.9%
Net Revenues Reg.	598.1	526.1	13.7%	828.0	668.4	23.9%
EBITDA Reg.	521.9	454.4	14.8%	733.8	583.5	25.8%
EBITDA Margin Reg.	87.2%	86.4%	0.9 pp	88.6%	87.3%	1.3 bps
Net Debt	8,354.5	6,136.1	36.2%	10,323.7	7,973.1	-100.0%
Net Debt/EBITDA	-	-	-	3.9	3.8	3.2%

IFRS RESULTS

- Net income totaled R\$ 386.8 million in 1Q23, a 30.9% y.o.y. drop mainly due to:
 - (i) Lower macroeconomic indices recorded between the compared periods (IGP-M: +0.60% in 1Q23 vs. +4.59% in 1Q22; IPCA: +2.00% in 1Q23 vs. +2.30% in 1Q22), which negatively affected the monetary restatement revenues of the contractual asset of all the Company's concessions.
 - (ii) Decrease in the implementation of infrastructure margin due to the start-up of operations at ESTE, Aimorés, Paraguaçu and Sant'Ana (partial). These effects were partially offset by the initial investments at Ananaí and the final investments at Ivaí.
 - (iii) The effects mentioned above, which affected TAESA's affiliates, were responsible for a 11.0% drop in equity income between 1Q23 and 1Q22.
 - (iv) The above effects were partially offset by the following:
 - a. Increase in Operation and Maintenance revenues explained by the inflationary adjustment of the RAP cycle (2022-2023) and by the start-up of operations at Sant'Ana (partial), ESTE, Aimorés, Paraguaçu and Ivaí (partial).
 - b. Increase in revenues from remuneration of the contractual assets, mainly as a result of the start-up of operations at the projects mentioned above, in addition to the impact of monetary restatement revenues on the balance of contractual assets in the previous twelve months.
 - c. Improvement of R\$ 27.8 million in the Variable Portion, between 1Q23 and 1Q22, due to the partial reversal of the PV accounted for in 4Q22 related to the collapse of towers in the Novatrans concession, resulting from depredations of public assets due to sabotage of the SIN, in addition to non-recurring events, external and unrelated to the Company, recorded in 1Q22 at ATE and Novatrans.
- The Annual General Meeting held on April 27, 2023, approved the allocation of the 2022 net income with a total amount of dividends and interest on capital for the year of R\$ 1,244.8 million (R\$ 3.61 / Unit), which includes the payment of remaining mandatory minimum dividends of R\$ 26 million (R\$ 0.08 / Unit) to be paid by December 31, 2023, based on the shareholding position on May 3, 2023 and ex-date on May 4, 2023.



REGULATORY RESULTS

- Regulatory net income, which reflects the Company's cash generation, recorded an increase of 47.3% between 1Q23 and 1Q22, totaling R\$ 215.4 million, mainly as a result of the operational start-up of the Sant'Ana projects (partial), ESTE, Aimorés, Paraguaçu and Ivaí (partial) during the year 2022.
- Net revenues totaled R\$ 598.1 million in 1Q23, an increase of 1.3% y.o.y., explained by the beginning of operations (partially) at Sant'Ana and by the inflationary adjustment of the 2022-2023 RAP cycle.
- EBITDA totaled R\$ 521.9 million in this quarter, 14.8% higher y.o.y. EBITDA margin came in at 87.2% in 1Q23 (+0.9pp vs. 1Q22).
- Annual growth R\$ 62.8 million in equity income explained by the operational start up at Ivaí (partially), Aimorés, Paraguaçu and ESTE, by the inflationary adjustment of the 2022-2023 RAP cycle, and lower financial expenses in Ivaí.
- Increase of 23.6% in net financial expenses resulting from a higher average volume of debt and CDI between the compared periods, partially offset by the contraction of the IPCA inflation index.
- On March 31, 2023, gross debt totaled R\$ 9.404.8 million, a 14.8% q.o.q increase. The Company's cash position was R\$ 1,050.3 million (a 3.9% drop q.o.q.), resulting in a net outstanding debt of R\$ 8,354.5 million (or +17.6% q.o.q.).
- The ratio of Taesa's net debt to EBITDA, proportionally consolidating the jointly controlled and affiliated companies, was 3.9x (versus 3.7x in 4Q22).
- In 1Q23, the lines' availability rate was 99.88% and the accounting Variable Portion (PV) came in with a reversal of R\$ 5 million, equivalent to 0.77% of RAP.



3. OVERVIEW

3.1. Corporate Structure

The 43 concessions/interests of transmission assets owned by TAESA are segregated into: (i) 10 concessions that make up the holding company (TSN, Novatrans, ETEO, GTESA, PATESA, Munirah, NTE, STE, ATE, and ATE II); (ii) 14 full investees (ATE III, Brasnorte, São Gotardo, Mariana, Miracema, Janaúba, Sant'Ana, São João, São Pedro, Lagoa Nova, Ananaí, Pitiguari, Tangará and Saíra); and (iii) shareholding interest in 19 companies (ETAU, AIE, and TBE).

The operational management of the Transirapé, Transudeste and Transleste concessions (together, "Transmineiras") is now carried out by the TBE group. As of the second quarter of 2022, Transmineiras' earnings have been incorporated into TBE's earnings. For comparison purposes, the respective quarters of the previous year have also undergone this pro forma adjustment.

That are seven large scale projects (Sant'Ana, Ivaí, Ananaí, Pitiguari, Tangará, Saíra e reinforcements at Novatrans) that are in the non-operational phase.

On May 2, 2023, Taesa energized the Livramento 3 – Santa Maria 3 and SE Santa Maria 3. As soon as the ONS grants the Release Term for this facility, the project will add to the Company a RAP of approximately 27.4% of the total RAP of the project, retroactive to May 2, 2023. As of this date, the Sant'Ana project will receive approximately 82.8% of its total RAP, already including the partial deliveries that took place in April and December 2022. Sant'Ana is a project from lot 12, from the auction transmission no. 004/2018, carried out in December 2018, 100% controlled by Taesa. Sant'Ana has a total RAP of R\$ 77.8 MM for the 2022-2023 cycle. The deadline stipulated by ANEEL for its energization is July 2023, altered after the publication of ANEEL Authorizing Resolution (REA) No. 8.926/2020, which granted an additional 4 months to begin commercial operations as a measure to combat the effects of the pandemic.

On March 30, 2023, Taesa signed the concession agreements for lots 3 and 5 referring to the ANEEL Transmission Auction No. 02/2022, held in December 2022. Lot 5 or Saíra Transmissora de Energia S.A. ("Saíra") is located between Rio Grande do Sul and Santa Catarina and consists of 743 km in existing transmission lines and three substations, including SE Garabi, which is a back-to-back converter that enables the export and import of electricity to Argentina. The project has an expected investment of R\$ 1,176 million (Capex ANEEL), and a RAP of R\$ 167.7 MM, including PIS/COFINS. As part of the investment amount, the Company paid the compensation of R\$ 870.6 MM to the previous concessionaire, and began carrying out all the operation and maintenance and thus guaranteeing, as of March 31, the accounting of 72.2 % of its total RAP, equivalent to R\$ 121.1 MM. Once the revitalization works are completed, whose regulatory deadline for completion is 60 months, the remaining 27.8% of its total RAP for the Company will be added. Lot 3 or Tangará Transmissora de Energia S.A. ("Tangará") is located in Maranhão and Pará, with a length of 279 km, of which 72 km are double circuits, and has an expected investment of R\$ 1,117 MM (Capex ANEEL). Tangará will have a regulatory period of 60 months for completion and will add a RAP of R\$ 100.7 MM, including PIS/COFINS, for the Company when it becomes operational.

On December 7, 2022, the Sant'Ana development obtained the release term from the ONS for the facilities LT Livramento - Maçambará 3, SE Maçambará 3 and Sectioning Maçambará - Santo Ângelo in Maçambará 3 C1, adding a RAP of 32% of the project's total RAP for the Company, retroactive to November 30, 2022. As of such date, the Sant'Ana project began to receive approximately 55% of its total RAP, including the partial energization that took place in April 2022.

On November 10, 2022, the Ivaí project obtained the release term from ONS for the 525kV corridor of the LT Foz do Iguaçu-Guaíra, LT Guaíra-Sarandi and LT Sarandi-Londrina sections, with an extension of approximately 511 km in double circuit, adding approximately 72% of the total RAP of the project for the Company, retroactive to November 1, 2022. Additionally, in December and January, other parts of the project were delivered, reaching the receipt of approximately 90% of the total RAP of the project for the Company. Ivaí is a development related to lot 1 of transmission auction no 005/2016, held in April 2017, in which Taesa participates in the partnership in the equal



2023 First Quarter Earnings Release

proportion of 50%. The concession has a total RAP of R\$ 398.5 MM for the 2022-2023 cycle and is located in Paraná, with a total length of 593 km in double circuit with voltages of 230 kV and 525 kV interconnecting 5 substations.

On October 4 and 25, 2022, under ANEEL's Authoritative Resolutions (REA) no 12.850/2022 and 12.823/2022, Taesa obtained authorization to begin reinforcements at the Novatrans facilities. Novatrans began operating in June 2003 and currently interconnects the North and Southeast regions, with approximately 1,278 km of 500kV transmission lines and 6 substations passing through the states of Maranhão, Tocantins and Goiás. The REAs above authorize the replacement of 3 Series Capacitor Banks at the SE Imperatriz, SE Colinas substations and at the line exit at LT 500kV Colinas-Imperatriz C2. With an expected investment of R\$ 262.6 MM (Capex ANEEL), the projects will have a regulatory term of 30 months for completion and will add a RAP of R\$ 45.0 MM for the Company (2022-2023 cycle) at its energization.

On July 27, 2022, the Paraguaçu project obtained the release term from the ONS, which authorizes the receipt of R\$ 78.6 MM of Annual Permitted Revenues (RAP) for the Company according to the RAP cycle 2022-2023. Paraguaçu is a project referring to lot 3 of the transmission auction no 013/2015 (part 2), held in October 2016, in which Taesa participates in a partnership in an equal proportion of 50%. The concession has a total RAP of R\$ 157.3 MM for the 2022-2023 cycle. It is located in the states of Minas Gerais and Bahia with a length of 338 km of line with a voltage of 500 kV interconnecting the Poções III substation to the substation Padre Paraíso 2.

On June 30, 2022, Taesa emerged as the winner in the battle for lot 10 of the ANEEL 01/2022 Transmission Auction. Located in Santa Catarina with an extension of 92.7 km, of which 66.7 km are double circuits and it has a planned investment of R\$ 243.2 MM (Capex ANEEL). The new venture, called Pitiguari Transmissora de Energia Elétrica S.A. ("Pitiguari"), will have a regulatory term of 54 months for completion and will add a RAP of R\$ 19.5 MM (2021-2022 cycle) to the Company when it becomes operational. The project was formally assumed by the Company on September 30, 2022, when the concession contract was signed.

On May 6, 2022, the Aimorés concession became commercially operational, adding R\$ 52.7 MM of RAP for the Company, according to the 2022-2023 RAP cycle. Aimorés is the project from lot 4 of the transmission auction n. 013/2015 (part 2), held in October 2016, in which Taesa participated in with 50% partnership. The concession is attributed a total RAP of R\$ 105.4 MM for the 2022-2023 cycle. It is located in the state of Minas Gerais, with a total extension of 208 km of lines with 500 kV of voltage, connecting the substations of Padre Paraíso 2 to the substation Governador Valadares 6.

On April 1st, 2022, the Sant'Ana concession obtained the release terms for the transmission lines LT Livramento 3 – Alegrete 2 (C1) and LT Livramento 3 – Cerro Chato (C1), both with a voltage of 230 kV, and for the substation SE 230 kV Livramento 3. As a result, the aforementioned facilities became commercially operational nearly 12 months ahead of the ANEEL deadline, retroactively adding to the Company as of March 28, 2022, more than 23% of the total RAP of the project.

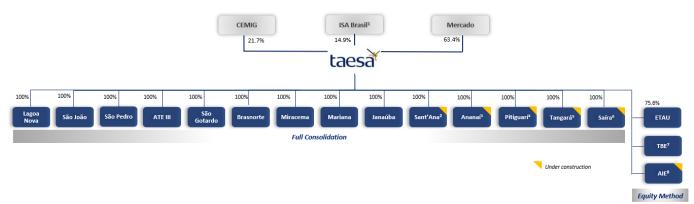
On February 18, 2022, the ESTE concession obtained the ONS release terms retroactively authorizing the receipt of revenues as of February 9, 2022, adding to Taesa a RAP of R\$ 74.5 MM (2022-2023 cycle). ESTE is the project associated with lot 22 of the transmission auction no 013/2015 (part 2) carried out in October 2016. It is 100% controlled by the subsidiary EATE, in which Taesa holds 49.98% of its total capital. ESTE is attributed a total RAP of R\$ 149.0 MM for the 2022-2023 cycle and is located between the states of Minas Gerais and Espírito Santo, comprising the transmission line LT 500 kV Mesquita - João Neiva 2, approximately 236 km long, and the SE 500/345 kV João Neiva 2 substation.

On December 17, 2021, TAESA won the battle for lot 1, the largest lot of the ANEEL 02/2021 Transmission Auction, located between the States of São Paulo and Paraná, with 363 km extension in double circuit with an estimated investment of R\$ 1.75 billion (ANEEL Capex). The project called Ananaí Transmissora de Energia Elétrica S.A. ("Ananaí"), will have a regulatory term of 60 months for completion and will add a RAP of R\$ 159.9 MM (2022-2023 cycle) to the Company when it becomes operational. The project was officially taken over by the Company on March 31, 2022, when the concession contract was formally signed.

All RAP amounts mentioned above are inclusive of PIS/COFINS. For more details, see section 4.2.



2023 First Quarter Earnings Release



¹ ISA Investimentos e Participações do Brasil S.A.



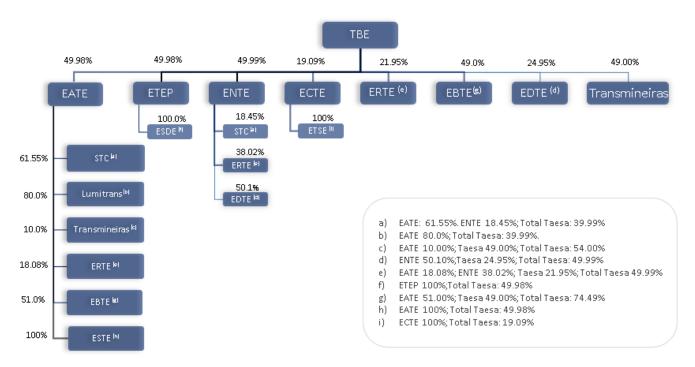
² Sant'Ana — Sections LT 230 kV — Livramento 3 — Alegrete 2 (C1) and LT Livramento 3 — Cerro Chato (C1) and part of substation SE 230 kV Livramento 3, LT Livramento - Maçambará 3, SE Maçambará 3 and subsection Maçambará - Santo Ângelo em Maçambará 3 C1, and LT Livramento 3 - Santa Maria 3 have been delivered.

³ Ananaí corresponds to Lot 1 of the ANEEL nº 02/2021 auction, which became officially owned by the Company on March 31, 2022, when the concession contract was formally signed.

⁴ Pitiguari corresponds to Lot 10 of the ANEEL nº 01/2022 auction, which became officially owned by the Company on September 30, 2022, when the concession contract was formally signed. ⁵ Tangará corresponds to Lot 3 of the ANEEL nº 02/2022 auction. Teh venture will be officially owned by the Company on March 30, 2023, when the concession contract was formally signed.

⁸ AlE — Aliança Interligação Elétrica is an economic group of the partnership of the companies TAESA and ISA CTEEP, currently responsible for implementing 3 projects, one of which, Aimorés, was concluded in May 2022.

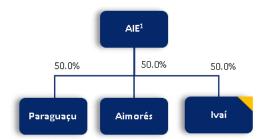
3.2. TBE Corporate Structure



TBE - Transmissora Brasileira de Energia is an economic group resulting from the partnership of majority shareholders, Taesa and Alupar.

Transmineiras - Group of interests in 3 concessions: Transirapé (54.0%). Transleste (54.0%) and Transudeste, whose operational management is carried out by the TBE group.

3.3. AIE Corporate Structure



 $^{1}\!\text{AIE}$ is an economic group resulting from the partnership of majority shareholders, Taesa and Cteep.

Under construction

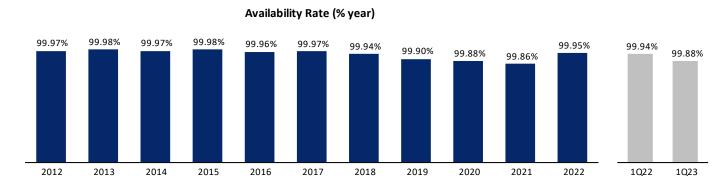


4. ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

4.1. Operational Performance

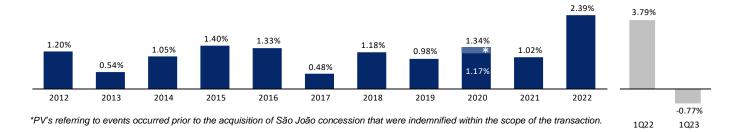
With a strong operating performance over the years, Taesa recorded a consolidated availability rate of 99.88% in 1Q23, as shown in the diagram below, disregarding partially owned assets such as ETAU, AIE and TBE.

The availability rate is a measure of time and is strictly an operational indicator. The calculation consists of: number of hours that the line is available, divided by the number of hours contained in 1 year (8,760 hours), measured by 100km increments.



 $\sum \frac{(Length\ of\ the\ line\ x\ hours\ available)/100}{(Length\ of\ the\ Line\ x\ 8.670\ hours)/100}\ x\ 100$

The metric showing the impact of unavailability in transmission on the Company's income statements is the variable portion (PV). Due to the unstable behavior of the PV in the short term, one way to better understand Taesa's performance is to analyze the value of PV divided by RAP, as shown in the diagram below.



The PV accounted for in 2022 totaled R\$ 5 million, which represents 0.77% of the RAP in the same period. The main events that impacted this year's PV were as follows: (i) Novatrans: collapse of towers on LT 500 kV Imperatriz-Colina C2, in December 2022, resulting from depredation of public assets due to sabotage to the National Interconnected System, as widely reported in the media and, therefore, external and unrelated to the Company; (ii) Brasnorte: tower collapse on LT 230 kV Brasnorte/Nova Mutum C1 and C2 due to an agricultural machine collision, in February 2023; and (iii) TSN: automatic shutdowns and restrictive operation in the static compensator of SE Bom Jesus da Lapa II due to a short circuit and subsequent maintenance of the circuit breaker, in February 2023.



4.2. 2022-2023 RAP Cycle

On July 14, 2022, ANEEL published Ratifying Resolution 3,067/2022, which established the Anual Permitted Revenues (RAP) of transmission concessions for the 2022-2023 cycle, effective from July 1, 2022 until June 30, 2023, and therefore affecting the Company's results from 3Q22 onwards. Concessions adjusted by the IGP-M (Category II) suffered an inflation adjustment of 10.72%, and concessions adjusted by the IPCA (Category III) suffered an inflation adjustment of 11.73%.

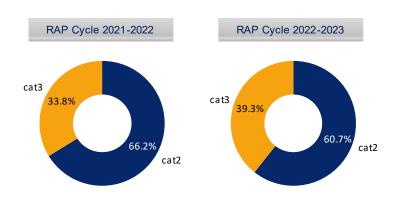
RAP (R\$ mn)		2021-2022	
GP-M Adjustment	Cycle 6.5%	Cycle 37.0%	Cycle 10.7%
Novatrans	352.5	483.3	535.4
TSN ²	325.1	454.6	506.2
Munirah	29.0	29.9	33.:
GTESA	5.9	8.1	8.9
PATESA 2	17.4	23.9	26.
TAU 1	29.9	39.1	43.
TEO	105.4	144.4	159.
NTE	92.1	126.1	139.
STE	50.6	69.5	77.
ATEI	115.1	122.1	135.
ATEII	275.5	273.6	211.
EATE 1	130.6	179.0	198.
TEP 1	29.4	40.3	44.0
NTE ¹	67.3	92.2	102.
CTE 1	10.8	14.9	102.
RTE 1	15.3	21.0	23.
umitrans 1	12.7	17.4	12.
ransleste 1	19.3	18.0	20.
ransirapé ¹	22.2	29.4	23.
ransudeste 1	16.3	18.4	12.
Subtotal	1,722.3	2,205.1	2,330.3
PCA Adjustment	1.9% 140.7	8.1% 152.3	11.79 158.
ão Gotardo	5.7	6.2	158.
Mariana	17.1	18.4	20.
viariaria Viracema	70.5	77.4	86.
anaúba	217.9	235.4	257.
Aimorés ¹	44.6	48.1	52.
Paraguaçu ¹	66.5	71.9	78.
Brasnorte	31.0	33.9	37.
STC 14		21.7	
BTE 1	20.0		18.
SDE ¹	40.1 7.5	44.5	48.
TSE 1		8.1	9.
	4.3	5.0	6.
STE ¹	63.0	68.1	74.
val **	165.0	178.3	199.
			46.
DTE 1	38.8	41.9	
EDTE ¹ Sant'Ana ³	64.4	69.6	
EDTE ¹ Sant'Ana ³ São João	64.4 51.7	69.6 55.9	62.
EDTE ¹ Sant'Ana ³ São João São Pedro	64.4 51.7 48.3	69.6 55.9 60.1	62. 67.
EDTE ¹ Sant'Ana ³ São João São Pedro Agoa Nova	64.4 51.7	69.6 55.9 60.1 14.4	62. 67. 16.
EDTE ¹ Sant'Ana ³ São João São Pedro Sagoa Nova Ananaí ³	64.4 51.7 48.3	69.6 55.9 60.1	62. 67. 16. 159.
EDTE ¹ Sant'Ana ³ São João São Pedro Lagoa Nova Ananaí ³ Pitiguari ³	64.4 51.7 48.3	69.6 55.9 60.1 14.4	62. 67. 16. 159.
EDTE ¹ Sant'Ana ³ São João São Pedro Lagoa Nova Ananaí ³ Pitiguari ³ Fangará (Lot 3) ³⁵	64.4 51.7 48.3	69.6 55.9 60.1 14.4	62.4 67.1 16.1 159.1
EDTE ¹ Sant'Ana ³ São João São Pedro Lagoa Nova Ananaí ³ Pitiguari ³	64.4 51.7 48.3	69.6 55.9 60.1 14.4	77.4 62.4 67.1 16.1 159.1 100.1

Obs: All RAP amounts are grossed up with PIS/COFINS

Including the controlled concessions, jointly controlled and affiliated companies, Taesa's total RAP¹ (operational and under construction) for 2022-2023 cycle is R\$ 4,103.0 million, 44.7% of which at the holding level. Taesa's operational RAP for the 2022-2023 cycle is R\$ 3,519.7 million, against R\$ 2,981.7 million for the 2021-2022 cycle, considering the beginning of operations at ESTE in February, Sant'Ana partially in April and December, Aimorés in May, Paraguaçu in July, and Ivaí partially in November and December 2022.

The RAP adjustment for the 2022-2023 cycle differed from inflation in some concessions for the following reasons: (i) ATE II, ATE III, Lumitrans, Transirapé, Transudeste and STC were impacted by the 50% drop in RAP, due to the entry into the 16th year of operation (for further details, see section 4.3); (ii) TSN and PATESA reinforcements became operational; (iii) Janaúba, Aimorés, Paraguaçu, EBTE, ETSE, ESTE and EDTE were affected by tariff price adjustments; and (iv) Brasnorte was affected by tariff adjustments in its reinforcements.

The published RAP values for ATE III, São Gotardo, Mariana, Miracema, Janaúba, Aimorés, Paraguaçu, Brasnorte, STC, EBTE, ESDE, ETSE, ESTE, Ivaí, EDTE, Sant'Ana, São João, São Pedro, Lagoa Nova, Ananaí, Pitiguari, Tangará and Saíra were adjusted to incorporate PIS/COFINS to align with the other concessions in the table.





¹ RAP amount proportional to TAESA's stake

² Including reinforcements

³ Under Construction

⁴ Category II Concession with IPCA Adjustment

⁵ Concession contracts will be signed on March 30, 2023

4.3. 50% Reduction in RAP

The transmission concession contracts offered in auctions between 1999 and 2006 (Category II) provide for a 50% reduction in RAP (Basic Network) as of the 16th year of commercial operation of the facilities. Considering that the concession contracts include facilities whose associated RAP portion will be reduced by 50% on different dates throughout its cycle, an equivalent RAP was calculated to be received by the concessionaires over said cycle and future cycles, considering the pro-rate amounts of RAP installments without reduction from the beginning of the cycle (July 1st) to the end of the 15th year of commercial operation of facilities, and the pro-rate amounts of the RAP installments with a reduction of 50%, as of the start date of the 16th year of commercial operation of the installations until the end of the same cycle (June 30th).

For the 2016-2017, 2017-2018, 2018-2019, 2019-2020, 2020-2021, 2021-2022 and 2022-2023 cycles, the following concessions reached the 16th year of operation¹:

- ETEO: 100% of RAP from ETEO reached the 16th year of operation on 10/19/2016.
- ECTE³: 67.6% of RAP from ECTE reached the 16th year of operation on 3/9/2017, and 28.4% of RAP reached on 3/26/2017.
- ETEP3: 99.7% of RAP from ETEP reached the 16th year of operation on 8/25/2017.
- **EATE**³: 19.0% of RAP from EATE reached the 16th year of operation on 2/1/2018, 45.6% of RAP on 2/20/2018, and 33.5% of RAP on 3/10/2018.
- TSN³: 89.9% of RAP from TSN reached the 16th year of operation on 3/4/2018, 4.0% of RAP on 4/5/2018, 0.7% of RAP on 5/22/2018, and 1.3% of RAP on 6/3/2018.
- Novatrans: 16.3% of RAP from Novatrans reached the 16th year of operation on 6/3/2018, 19.4% of RAP on 12/8/2018, 19.1% da RAP on 12/23/2018, and 45.2% of RAP on 4/8/2019.
- **GTESA**: 100% of RAP from GTESA reached the 16th year of operation on 8/26/2018.
- NTE: 100% of RAP from NTE reached the 16th year of operation on 1/25/2019.
- STE³: 19.0% of RAP from STE reached the 16th year of operation on 6/27/2019, 36.6% of RAP on 7/13/2019, and 42.1% of RAP on 7/18/2019.
- PATESA³: 98.2% of RAP from PATESA reached the 16th year of operation on 9/1/2019.
- ERTE³: 71.5% of RAP from ERTE reached the 16th year of operation on 09/15/2019.
- ENTE: 100% of RAP from ENTE reached the 16th year of operation on 2/12/2020.
- ETAU³: 34.2% of RAP from ETAU reached the 16th year of operation on 4/17/2020, and 36.0% of RAP on 9/29/2020.
- Munirah: 100% of RAP from Munirah reached the 16th year of operation on 10/30/2020.
- ATE I: 54.0% of RAP from ATE I reached the 16th year of operation on 10/8/2020, and 46.0% of RAP on 10/27/2020.
- Transleste: 100% of RAP from Transleste reached the 16th year of operation on 12/18/2020.
- ATE II: 100% of RAP from ATE II reached the 16th year of operation on 12/11/2021.
- Transudeste: 100% of RAP from Transudeste will reach the 16th year of operation on 2/23/2022.
- Transirapé³: 45.1% of RAP from Transirapé reached the 16th year of operation on 05/23/2022, and 15.9% of RAP on 5/30/2022.
- Lumitrans³: 99.9% of RAP from Lumitrans reached the 16th year of operation on 10/3/2022.
- STC³: 71.9% of RAP from STC reached the 16th year of operation on 11/8/2022.

For the future 2022-2023 cycle, the following concession will reach the 16th year of operation¹:



• ATE III³: 54.4% of RAP from ATE III reached the 16th year of operation on 4/27/2023, and 40.1% of RAP will reach the 16th year of operation on 5/23/2023.

Notes:

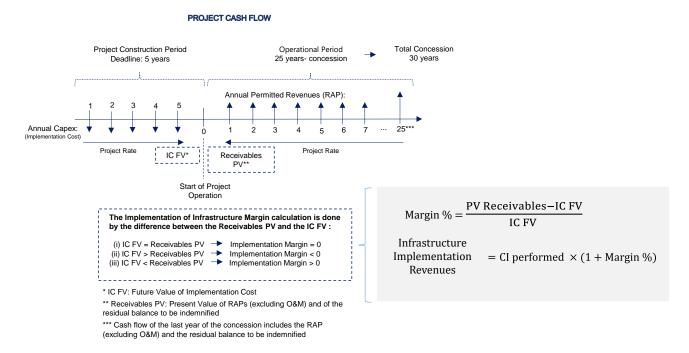
- 1. The 50% reduction schedule of RAP mentioned above was taken from the Technical Note n. 144-2018-SGT published by ANEEL.
- 2. The RAP percentages were calculated based on the value of the RAP immediately prior to the date of the first 50% reduction.
- 3. For those concessions whose percentages of RAP indicated above do not add up to 100%, the difference is due to reinforcements/improvements that do not fit into the Category II assets subject to the 50% drop in RAP at the beginning of the 16th year of operation.



4.4. Impact of Accounting Changes (CPC 47)

As of January 1, 2018, the adoption of IFRS 9 (CPC 48) or IFRS 15 (CPC 47) became mandatory, in effect as of the disclosure of the Annual Financial Statements for 2018. The Company adopted IFRS 15, whose principles are based on the business model that identifies the contract with the client (goods or services) and its respective contractual performance obligations, defining the price of the transaction and recognition of income as of the realization of these obligations (recognition of the Contractual Assets).

The Contractual Asset is calculated monthly from the future flow of receipts brought to present value according to the Project Rate, which refers to the cost of capital of the asset valued at the time of its acquisition.



Under the accounting method (CPC 47 - Contractual Asset), the efficiencies/inefficiencies generated in the project under construction are recorded as implementation of infrastructure margin. That is, the implementation of infrastructure revenues comprised the implementation margin, calculated by the difference between the Present Value of the RAP and the Future Value of Implementation Cost in the start-up of operations (see picture above). In other words, the implementation revenues are calculated, over the pre-operational period, as the implementation cost plus the implementation margin, which also includes the interest on the remuneration of the asset in the period, calculated by the Project Rate over the balance of the contractual asset. Therefore, as it relates to the Contractual Asset, the implementation margin impacts the Income Statement of the project.

The revenues from the remuneration are calculated based on the Project Rate levied on the balance of the contractual asset and is recorded solely after the start-up of operations of the project. During the construction period, the interest on the remuneration is included in the Implementation of Infrastructure Revenues and the calculation is performed as described above.

Following the entry into operation, the Contractual Asset is adjusted monthly by inflation (IGP-M or IPCA, according to each concession), calculated by the monetary restatement of future receipts brought to present value by the Project Rate. O&M revenues is a portion of the RAP intended to remunerate the operation and maintenance of the concession's assets.

Impacts of the accounting changes due to CPC-47 recorded so far:

The adjustments generated by the adoption of CPC 47 as of January 1, 2018, were:



- (i) For the initial (starting) balance of the Contractual Asset on January 1, 2018, the adjustment was entered into the special reserve account for the 2018 financial year (Shareholders' Equity), in the amount of R\$ 113,399,544.45, referring to previous years.
- (ii) For Fiscal year 2018, the adjustment was entered into the Income Statements in the amount of R\$ 116,924,085.17 and allocated to the special reserve account at the end of the year, net of the 5% that were retained as legal reserve.
- (iii) For Fiscal year 2019, the adjustment was entered into the Income Statements in the amount of R\$ 291,323,518.24 and allocated to the special reserve account at the end of the year, net of the 5% that were retained as legal reserve.
- (iv) For the Fiscal Year 2020, the adjustment was entered in the Income Statements in the amount of R\$ 631,469,547.58 (including the amount of R\$ 124,947,792.20 related to the CIRCULAR LETTER / CVM / SNC / SEP / n°04 / 2020) that was allocated to the special reserve account at the end of the year. In addition, the amount of R\$ 63,583,002.83 also related to the CIRCULAR LETTER / CVM / SNC / SEP / n° 04/2020 for previous years was recorded in the special reserve account, in the 2020 shareholders' equity.
- (v) For the Fiscal Year 2021, the adjustment was recorded in the Income Statement in the amount of R\$ 408,098,711.76, which was allocated to the special reserve account at the end of the year.
- (vi) For the Fiscal Year 2022, the adjustment was recorded in the Income Statement in the amount of R\$ 207,632,058.23, which was allocated to the special reserve account at the end of the year.

It is important to note that for the fiscal year of 2021 and 2022, the legal reserve (5%) was not constituted based on art. 193 paragraph 1 of the Brazilian Corporation Law, which says that the Company may stop constituting the legal reserve for the year when the balance of that reserve, plus the amount of capital reserves referred to in paragraph 1 of article 182, exceeds 30% of the share capital.

The adjustments above totaled R\$ 1,832,430,468.27, of which R\$ 1,698,618,543.59 was recorded as Special Reserve and R\$ 133,811,924.68 as Legal Reserve (5%).

On March 31, 2022, the adjustments generated by the adoption of CPC 47 in the net income amounted to R\$ 74,683,496.84, recorded in the Accumulated Net Income account.

It is important to note that the effects related to the adoption of CPC 47 are excluded from the distributable net income and, during the year, are recorded in the Retained Earnings account, being allocated to the Special Reserve and Legal Reserve accounts at the end of the fiscal year.



4.5. Net Revenues under IFRS

Net Revenues under IFRS in 1Q23 totaled R\$ 692.9 million, 12.9% lower y.o.y. mainly due to the drop in monetary restatement revenues caused by the contraction of the inflation indices, primarily the IGP-M, between the compared periods.

Since the adoption of CPC 47 (IFRS 15), as explained in section 4.4, the change in the recognition of the transmission asset impacts the Implementation of Infrastructure Revenues, which now now accounts for an implementation of infrastructure margin, thus generating an impact on net income.

Considering the monetary restatement of revenues assured in the concession agreement, the Company records the monetary restatement of the concession's contractual asset in its results on a monthly basis. Thus, the inflationary effect is diluted month by month considering the inflation as per the IGP-M or the IPCA verified in the previous month. The indices used for the monetary restatement of the first quarter of 2023 were: IGP-M of +0.45%, +0.21% and -0.06% (cumulative +0.60%), and IPCA of +0.62%, +0.53% and +0.84% (cumulative +2.00%), referring to the months of December 2022, January and February 2023, respectively. In the first quarter of 2022, the IGP-M was +0.87%, +1.82% and +1.83% (cumulative +4.59%), and IPCA was +0.73%, +0.54% e +1.01% (cumulative +2.30%), referring to the months of December 2021, January and February 2022, respectively.

Net Revenues - IFRS (Consolidated)

1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%
267.2	239.9	11.4%
267.5	254.1	5.3%
136.4	333.2	-59.1%
75.1	49.9	50.5%
746.2	877.0	-14.9%
5.0	(22.8)	n/a
7.5	6.9	9.0%
758.7	861.1	-11.9%
(41.5)	(46.8)	-11.2%
(0.1)	(0.1)	18.3%
(0.0)	(0.0)	184.8%
(24.1)	(18.6)	29.7%
(65.8)	(65.4)	0.5%
692.9	795.6	-12.9%
	267.2 267.5 136.4 75.1 746.2 5.0 7.5 758.7 (41.5) (0.1) (0.0) (24.1) (65.8)	267.2 239.9 267.5 254.1 136.4 333.2 75.1 49.9 746.2 877.0 5.0 (22.8) 7.5 6.9 758.7 861.1 (41.5) (46.8) (0.1) (0.1) (0.0) (0.0) (24.1) (18.6) (65.8) (65.4)

The variation and composition of Taesa's net revenues under IFRS primarily reflect the following:

- Operation and maintenance: The 11.4% y.o.y. increase in O&M revenues is due to the inflation adjustment of the 2022-2023 cycle of 10.72% in the IGP-M and 11.73% in the IPCA, considering the periods from June 2021 to May 2022, in accordance with Ratifying Resolution No. 3.067/2022.
- Remuneration of the contractual asset of concession: Calculated by multiplying the project rate over the balance of the contractual asset (recorded only in the operating period of the concession). The y.o.y. increase of 5.3% is mainly due to the partial operational start-up of Sant'Ana, in addition to the material impact of monetary correction on the balance of contractual assets in the last twelve months, which more than offset the natural drop in this revenue due to the asset's amortization from the inflows.
- Monetary restatement of the concession contractual asset: Based on the monthly inflation adjustment. Income from monetary correction showed an y.o.y. decrease of 59.1% due to the contraction of the inflation indices registered in the compared periods, particularly the IGP-M (cumulative IGP-M at +0.60% in 1Q23 vs. +4.59% in 1Q22 and cumulative IPCA at +2.00% in 1Q23 vs. +2.30% in 1Q22), as shown above.



- **Implementation of infrastructure:** As explained in section 4.4, since the adoption of CPC 47, the efficiencies generated in projects under construction so far are now accounted for as an implementation margin in this revenue line. Bearing in mind that the interest on the remuneration of the asset is also added to implementation revenues during the pre-operating period. The 50.5% y.o.y. growth in implementation revenues is basically due to the initial investments at Ananaí.
- Variable Portion (PV): The Variable Portion recorded a reversal of R\$ 5 MM in 1Q23, showing an improvement of R\$ 27.8 MM in the comparison between 1Q23 and 1Q22 due to the partial reversal of the PV accounted for in 4Q22 referring to the drop in towers on the 500 kV Imperatriz-Colina C2 LT (Novatrans) that took place last December, as a result of depredations of public property due to sabotage of the National Interconnected System, as widely reported in the media. The variation was also impacted by the non-recurring events recorded in 1Q22 at ATE (fall of towers at LT 525 kV Assis-Araraquara C1 SP, which occurred in October 2021, due to a severe weather event) and at Novatrans (untimely shutdown caused at LT 500 kV Serra da Mesa-Gurupi C2, in May 2021), both remaining in administrative and judicial proceedings due to the unpredictability and inevitability of these fortuitous events.
- Other operating revenues: These expenses remained practically in line in the comparison between 1Q23 and 1Q22.
- **Deductions of gross revenues:** These expenses remained practically in line in the comparison between 1Q23 and 1Q22. The increase in sector charges follows the variation in Annual Permitted Revenues and was partially offset by the reduction in PIS/COFINS follows the variation in gross revenue under IFRS (the tax varies according to each concession see section 4.15. For more details, see section 4.8.



4.6. Costs, Expenses, Depreciation and Amortization under IFRS

Costs, Expenses, and Depreciation and Amortization totaled R\$ 150.7 million in 1Q23, 35.8% higher y.o.y.

Cost, Expenses and D&A - IFRS (Consolidated)

- 1		,	
R\$ MM	1Q23	1Q22	Chg. %
Personnel	(53.1)	(49.2)	7.7%
Material	(73.9)	(36.3)	103.7%
Third Party Services	(15.7)	(15.1)	3.7%
Other	(2.9)	(3.5)	-19.3%
Total	(145.5)	(104.2)	39.7%
Depreciation and amortization	(5.2)	(6.9)	-23.6%
Total	(150.7)	(111.0)	35.8%

The variations in IFRS costs were caused primarily by the following events:

- **Personnel:** The y.o.y. increase of 7.7% is explained by the employee's salary adjustment of 11.73% under the collective bargaining agreement, based exclusively on the IPCA inflation index, in addition to the increase in staff. These effects were partially offset by non-recurring (non-cash) adjustment in 1Q22 of approximately R\$ 1.8 million referring to provisions for vacation, thirteenth salary, profit sharing and their respective charges from previous years and by the sharing of human resources costs and expenses with jointly owned subsidiaries (Aimorés, Paraguaçu e ETAU).
- **Material:** The y.o.y. increase of R\$ 37.6 MM is basically due to (i) initial investments at Ananaí (+R\$ 14.4 MM), (ii) non-recurring O&M costs of approximately R\$ 6.9 MM related to provisions for reforestation of the Mariana project, (iii) final investments in Sant'Ana (+R\$ 6.2 MM), and (iv) initial investments in Pitiguari and Tangará.
- **Third-party services:** The 3.7% y.o.y. increase between the compared periods was basically influenced by higher expenses with IT services, partially offset by lower expenses with maintenance services for access roads, and services for cleaning and conservation of the right-of-way.
- Other: The 19.3% y.o.y. decrease is mainly due to reimbursement received from Âmbar related to the acquisition of São João and reduction in the leasing of IT equipment, partially offset by the increase in net variations of provisions for civil proceedings in the São João and Brasnorte concessions.
- **Depreciation and amortization:** The 23.6% annual decrease is explained by the early settlement of the administrative office lease agreement in 2Q22 and conclusion of the depreciation of enhancements related to SAP software.



4.7. EBITDA and EBITDA Margin under IFRS

In 1Q23, IFRS EBITDA totaled R\$ 547.4 million with an EBITDA margin of 79.0%. The 20.8% decrease in IFRS EBITDA in the annual comparison is mainly explained by the lower monetary restatement revenues of contractual assets, due to the contraction of macroeconomic indices (IGP-M and IPCA). These effects were partially offset by the increase in Operation and Maintenance revenues and remuneration revenues of the contractual asset, and the improvement of the Variable Portion related to non-recurring events.

EBITDA IFRS is not a measure that reflects the Company's operating cash generation, since the IFRS standards create a mismatch between the Income Statement and the Cash Flow Statement.

EBITDA IFRS (Consolidated)

R\$ MM	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%
Net Revenues	692.9	795.6	-12.9%
Costs and Expenses	(145.5)	(104.2)	39.7%
EBITDA	547.4	691.5	-20.8%
EBITDA margin	79.0%	86.9%	-7.9 pp



4.8. Regulatory Net Revenues

Regulatory Net Revenues in 1Q23 reached R\$ 598.1 million, 13.7% higher y.o.y., explained by the partial start of operations of Sant'Ana and the inflationary readjustment of the 2022-2023 RAP cycle. These effects were partially offset by the decrease of the RAP of some concessions.

The Regulatory Net Revenues are not impacted by recognition of the inflationary effects described in section 4.5 of the Net Revenues under IFRS, since this recognition is an IFRS accounting definition on the monetary restatement of the contractual asset that therefore influences only the Net Revenues under IFRS. On the other hand, the RAP is annually adjusted by inflation at each new cycle that starts on the 1st of July of each year and ends on the 30th of June of the following year (see section 4.2).

The 7.9% y.o.y. growth in the line of RAP is explained by the inflation adjustment of the 2022-2023 RAP cycle (10.72% from IGP-M and 11.73% from IPCA) and by the start-up of operations at Janaúba at the beginning of September 2021 and partial delivery of Sant'Ana in April and December 2022. This increase was partially offset by the drop in RAP from ATE II and ATE III (more details on the effects and cutoff dates in sections 4.2 and 4.3).

The Variable Portion recorded a reversal of R\$ 5 MM in 1Q23, showing an improvement of R\$ 27.8 MM in the comparison between 1Q23 and 1Q22 due to the partial reversal of the PV accounted for in 4Q22 referring to the drop in towers on the 500 kV Imperatriz-Colina C2 LT (Novatrans) that took place last December, as a result of depredations of public property due to sabotage of the National Interconnected System, as widely reported in the media. The variation was also impacted by the non-recurring events recorded in 1Q22 at ATE (fall of towers at LT 525 kV Assis-Araraquara C1 SP, which occurred in October 2021, due to a severe weather event) and at Novatrans (untimely shutdown caused at LT 500 kV Serra da Mesa-Gurupi C2, in May 2021), both remaining in administrative and judicial proceedings due to the unpredictability and inevitability of these fortuitous events.

The 15.9% increase in revenue deductions follows the increase in the gross operating revenues.

Net Revenues -	Regulatory	(Consoli	dated)
INCL INC VCITACS	inegulatory	COHSON	uateur

recented negatatory (consonanted)			
R\$ MM	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%
RAP Concessions	653.1	600.9	8.7%
Variable Portion	5.0	(22.8)	n/a
Service Revenues	658.1	578.1	13.8%
Other Revenues	0.3	0.1	326.3%
Total Gross Revenues	658.4	578.2	13.9%
PIS/Cofins	(36.1)	(33.4)	8.1%
Service Tax	(0.1)	(0.1)	18.3%
ICMS	(0.0)	(0.0)	184.8%
Consumer's Fee	(24.1)	(18.6)	29.7%
Deductions	(60.3)	(52.0)	15.9%
Total Net Revenues	598.1	526.1	13.7%



4.9. Regulatory Costs, Expenses, Depreciation and Amortization

Costs, Expenses, and Depreciation and Amortization totaled R\$ 149.9 million in 1Q23, 4.7% higher y.o.y. PMSO costs totaled R\$ 76.3 million, registering a y.o.y. increase of 6.4%.

Costs, Expenses and D&A - Regulatory (Consolidated)

costs, Expenses and Box. Hegulator, (consolidated)				
R\$ MM	1Q23	1Q22	Chg. %	
Personnel	(53.1)	(49.2)	7.7%	
Material	(2.1)	(0.7)	205.9%	
Third Party Services	(15.7)	(15.1)	3.7%	
Other	(5.4)	(6.6)	-18.1%	
Total	(76.3)	(71.7)	6.4%	
Depreciation and amortization	(73.6)	(71.4)	3.0%	
Total	(149.9)	(143.1)	4.7%	

The differences between the Regulatory and IFRS Results, in the line of costs, expenses, depreciation and amortization are observed in the lines of materials and in depreciation and amortization. The IFRS Results recognize the investment in the construction of new assets, reinforcements and improvements, such as expenses related to materials, while at the same time capitalizing the implementation revenues in the contractual asset. The Regulatory Results depreciate the investments in fixed assets. In addition, since the adoption of CPC 06 (IFRS 16) - Leasing Operations in 2019, differences between the Regulatory and IFRS Results are also observed in the lines of Other Operating costs and Expenses.

The costs and expenses for PMSO totaled R\$ 93.4 million in 4Q22 (-10.1% y.o.y.), explained by the following events:

- **Personnel:** The y.o.y. increase of 7.7% is explained by the employee's salary adjustment of 11.73% under the collective bargaining agreement, based exclusively on the IPCA inflation index, in addition to the increase in staff. These effects were partially offset by non-recurring (non-cash) adjustment in 1Q22 of approximately R\$ 1.8 million referring to provisions for vacation, thirteenth salary, profit sharing and their respective charges from previous years and by the sharing of human resources costs and expenses with jointly owned subsidiaries (Aimorés, Paraguaçu e ETAU).
- **Material:** The R\$ 1.4 MM y.o.y increase between the compared periods is due to higher expenses with operating and maintenance materials at the NTE concession.
- **Third-party Services:** The 3.7% y.o.y. increase between the compared periods was basically influenced by higher expenses with IT services, partially offset by lower expenses with maintenance services for access roads, and services for cleaning and conservation of the right-of-way.
- Other: The 18.1% annual reduction is mainly due to lower expenses due to (i) reimbursement received from Âmbar related to the acquisition of São João, (ii) early termination of administrative office lease contracts and (iii) vehicle rentals. These effects were partially offset by an increase in net changes in provisions for civil proceedings in the São João and Brasnorte concessions.

The y.o.y. increase of 3.0% in the depreciation and amortization line, basically refers to the partial operational start-up of Sant'Ana in April and December 2022.



4.10. Regulatory EBITDA and EBITDA Margin

The Regulatory EBITDA of 1Q23 reached R\$ 521.9 million, 14.8% higher than that recorded in 1Q22 and an EBITDA margin of 87.2% (+0.9pp versus 1Q22). As previously mentioned, to the operational start-up of Sant'Ana (partially) in April and December 2022, the inflation adjustment of the 2022-2023 RAP cycle (10.72% in the IGP-M and 11.73% in the IPCA) and the improvement in the Variable Portion related to non-recurring events explain the positive performance of EBITDA and the increase in EBITDA margin in the annual comparison.

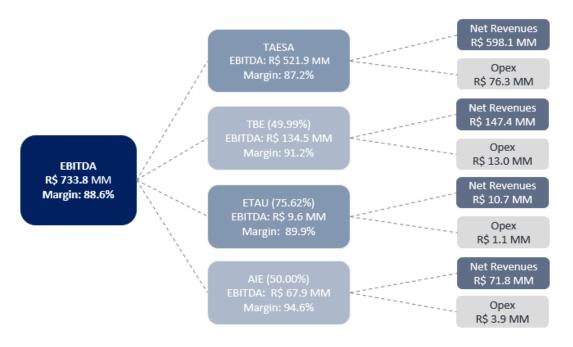
In the power transmission sector, the **Regulatory EBITDA** is an important operating and financial performance indicator, since it is reflective of the Company's effective operating cash generation.

EBITDA F	Regulatory	y (Consolidated)	
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R\$ MM	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%
Net Revenues	598.1	526.1	13.7%
Costs and Expenses	(76.3)	(71.7)	6.4%
EBITDA	521.9	454.4	14.8%
EBITDA margin	87.2%	86.4%	0.9 pp

4.11. Composition of Regulatory EBITDA

The diagram below shows the Regulatory EBITDA in the first quarter of 2023 considering all concessions of the Taesa group proportionally. It is important to note that according to the Brazilian accounting standards, the consolidated results do not include the jointly controlled and affiliated companies (ETAU, Brasnorte, AIE, and TBE*).



^{*} The operational management of the Transirapé, Transudeste and Transleste concessions (together, "Transmineiras") is now carried out by the TBE group. Since 2Q22, Transmineiras' results have been incorporated into TBE's results.



4.12. Equity Method under IFRS

The Equity Method under IFRS in 1Q23 totaled R\$ 187.4 million, 11.0% lower y.o.y.

Equity Method - IFRS

R\$ MM	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%
ETAU	7.1	8.7	-18.9%
TBE	76.5	169.4	-54.9%
Aimorés	12.8	7.5	69.9%
Paraguaçu	19.1	15.9	19.9%
Ivaí	71.9	9.0	695.5%
Total Equity method	187.4	210.7	-11.0%

Note: The operational management of the Transirapé, Transudeste and Transleste concessions (together, "Transmineiras") is now carried out by the TBE group. As of 2Q22, Transmineiras' results have been incorporated into TBE's results. For comparison purposes, the respective quarters of the previous year have also undergone this pro forma adjustment.

The 11.0% decrease y.o.y. in IFRS net income of jointly controlled and affiliated companies is mainly due to: (i) decrease in revenues from monetary restatement due to lower IGP-M and IPCA with greater impact on TBE; (ii) lower investments due to the start-up of operations ESTE (TBE), Paraguaçu and Aimorés; and (ii) higher financial expenses at TBE, driven by new funding in the group and the increase in the CDI rate in the period. These effects were partially offset by (i) higher investments in Ivaí related to the project's final stages, (ii) decrease in financial expenses at Ivaí, impacted by the lower cumulative IPCA in the period, (iii) accounting of monetary restatement and operation and maintenance revenues at Paraguaçu, Aimorés and Ivaí (partial), since they started operating in 2022, and (iv) change in ETAU's tax regime from real profit to presumed profit.

4.13. Regulatory Equity Method

The Regulatory Equity Method totaled R\$ 91.7 million in 1Q23, 217.3% higher y.o.y.

Equity Method - Regulatory

-41			
R\$ MM	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%
ETAU	8.6	(2.3)	-
TBE	74.6	71.6	4.2%
Aimorés	7.2	0.2	-
Paraguaçu	10.1	0.1	13277.0%
Ivaí	4.8	(27.0)	-
Subsidiaries Net Income	105.3	42.6	147.6%
Amortization of goodwill - TBE	(13.6)	(13.6)	0.0%
Total Equity Method	91.7	28.9	217.3%

Note: The operational management of the Transirapé, Transudeste and Transleste concessions (together, "Transmineiras") is now carried out by the TBE group. As of 2Q22, Transmineiras' results were incorporated into TBE's results. For comparison purposes, the respective quarters of the previous year have also undergone this pro forma adjustment.

The Regulatory Equity Income in 1Q23 increased by R\$ 62.8 million y.o.y. This performance is explained by (i) operational start up at Ivaí (partial), ESTE (TBE), Paraguaçu and Aimorés, (ii) inflationary adjustment of the 2022-2023 RAP cycle (10.72% in IGP-M and 11.73% in IPCA), (iii) decrease in financial expenses at Ivaí due to lower IPCA, and (iv) accounting adjustment recorded in 1Q22 in deferred taxes for ETAU related to the previous year. These effects were partially offset by TBE's higher financial expenses, driven by new funding in the group and the increase in the CDI rate in the period.

The difference between the Equity Method in Taesa and the sum of earnings of ETAU, Aimorés, Paraguaçu, Ivaí, and TBE is due to the amortization of the goodwill arising from the allocation of the price paid for the TBE's acquisition.



4.14. Net Financial Results

The net financial expenses under IFRS totaled R\$ 281.7 million in 1Q23, 23.5% higher y.o.y. The Regulatory net financial expenses totaled R\$ 281.6 million, 23.6% higher y.o.y.

Net Financial Expenses IFRS

R\$ MM	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%
Financial Revenues	33.8	23.0	46.6%
Revenues from financial investments	33.8	23.0	46.6%
Financial Expenses	(315.5)	(251.2)	25.6%
Interest incurred	(186.2)	(148.4)	25.5%
Monetary and exchange variations	(117.8)	(102.7)	14.7%
Fair Value Adjustment	-	0.0	n/a
Leasing	(0.1)	(0.3)	-65.8%
Other financial expenses/revenues	(11.4)	0.2	n/a
Total IFRS	(281.7)	(228.2)	23.5%

The annual increase of 46.6% in Financial Income was due to the increase in the CDI rate (3.20% in 1Q23 x 2.38% in 1Q22).

The 25.5% growth in interest incurred is basically due to the increase in the average debt volume resulting from the 11th, 12th and 13th debenture issuances and by the increase in the CDI between the periods compared. These effects were partially offset by the amortization of the Company's 9th debenture issuance.

The 14.7% y.o.y. decrease in the monetary exchange and variations line is basically explained by the higher average debt volume indexed to the IPCA, partially offset by the contraction the IPCA index registered between the compared periods (2.00% 1Q23 vs. 2.96% 1Q22).

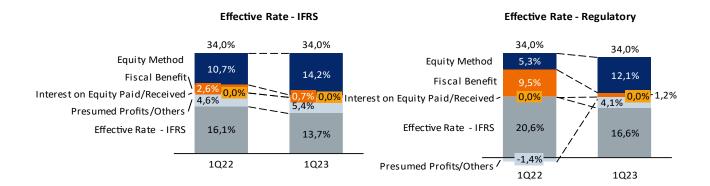
The line of other financial expenses/revenues showed a negative variation of R\$ 11.6 MM in the annual comparison, basically explained by (i) lower financial revenues related to the restatement of tax credits, (ii) lower revenues from monetary restatement of escrow deposits and increase in the expenses of updating judicial processes, and (iii) increase in PIS, COFINS and IOF levied on financial investments, as a result of the higher volume of debt funding and higher CDI rate.



4.15. Taxes

The y.o.y. decrease of 43.0% in Income Tax and Social Contribution under IFRS registered is basically explained by the drop in net income before taxes due to the drop in macroeconomic indices, which mainly impacted the monetary restatement of the contractual asset, partially offset by the change in the tax regime of the Miracema concession from presumed profit to real profit.

R\$ mn		IFRS		Re	egulatory	
Reconciliation of Income Tax	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%
PreTax Profit	447,9	667,1	-32,9%	258,4	184,0	40,4%
IRPJ and CSLL rate of 34%	(152,3)	(226,8)	-32,9%	(87,8)	(62,6)	40,4%
Equity Method	63,7	71,6	-11,0%	31,2	9,8	217,3%
SUDAM/SUDENE	3,1	17,5	-82,6%	3,1	17,5	-82,6%
Interest on Equity Paid/Received	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a
Presumed Profit Companies	23,0	33,1	-30,5%	7,2	10,0	-28,2%
Others	1,4	(2,6)	n/a	3,4	(12,6)	n/a
IRPJ and CSLL recognized in profit	(61,1)	(107,2)	-43,0%	(43,0)	(37,9)	13,6%
Effective Rate	13,7%	16,1%	-2,4 pp	16,6%	20,6%	-3,9 pp





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The table below shows the tax regimen for each concession, as well as those that enjoy a tax benefit, the date in which the benefit expires, and the respective PIS and COFINS rate applicable to each concession.

Concession	Fiscal Regimen	Fiscal Benefit	% Área	Maturity	PIS	COFINS
TSN	"Real"	"Sudene"	84%	2031	0,65%	3,00%
Munirah	"Real"	"Sudene"	84%	2031	0,65%	3,00%
GTESA	"Real"	"Sudene"	100%	2031	0,65%	3,00%
PATESA	"Real"	"Sudene"	100%	2031	0,65%	3,00%
NVT	"Real"	"Sudam"	73%	2023	0,65%	3,00%
ETEO	"Real"	-	-	-	0,65%	3,00%
NTE	"Real"	-			0,65%	3,00%
STE	"Real"	-			0,65%	3,00%
ATE I	"Real"	-			0,65%	3,00%
ATE II	"Real"	"Sudene"	85%	2031	1,65%	7,60%
BRASNORTE	"Presumed"	-	-	-	0,65%	3,00%
ATE III	"Real"	"Sudam"	100%	2027	1,65%	7,60%
ETAU	"Presumed"	-	-		0,65%	3,00%
São Gotardo	"Presumed"	-	-	-	0,65%	3,00%
Mariana	"Presumed"	-			0,65%	3,00%
Miracema**	"Real"	"Sudam"	100%	2029	1,65%	7,60%
Janaúba	"Real"	"Sudene"	100%	2031	1,65%	7,60%
Aimorés	"Real"	"Sudene"	100%	2032	1,65%	7,60%
Paraguaçu	"Real"	"Sudene"	100%	2032	1,65%	7,60%
Sant'Ana	"Presumed"	-	-	-	0,65%	3,00%
São João	"Presumed"	-		-	0,65%	3,00%
São Pedro	"Presumed"	-		-	0,65%	3,00%
Lagoa Nova	"Presumed"	-			0,65%	3,00%
Saíra	"Presumed"	-	-	-	0,65%	3,00%
Ananaí	"Presumed"	-	-	-	0,65%	3,00%
Pitiguari	"Presumed"	-	-	-	0,65%	3,00%
Tangará	"Presumed"	-	-	-	0,65%	3,00%
EATE	"Real"	"Sudam"	100%	2023	0,65%	3,00%
ENTE	"Real"	"Sudam"	100%	2026	0,65%	3,00%
ECTE	"Real"	-	-	-	0,65%	3,00%
ETEP	"Real"	"Sudam"	100%	2025	0,65%	3,00%
ERTE	"Presumed"	-	-	-	0,65%	3,00%
LUMITRANS	"Presumed"	-			0,65%	3,00%
EBTE	"Real"	"Sudam"	100%	2032	1,65%	7,60%
ESDE	"Presumed"	-	-		1,65%	7,60%
STC	"Presumed"	-	-		0,65%	3,00%
ETSE	"Presumed"	-	-		0,65%	3,00%
ESTE	"Real"	"Sudene"	62%	2032	1,65%	7,60%
Ivaí	"Real"				1,65%	7,60%
TRANSUDESTE	"Presumed"	-	-		0,65%	3,00%
TRANSLESTE	"Presumed"	-			0,65%	3,00%
TRANSIRAPÉ	"Presumed"	-			0,65%	3,00%
EDTE	"Real"	"Sudene"	100%	2029	1,65%	7,60%

^(**) The project is in the process of requesting the definitive approval from SUDAM to obtain the benefit.



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The SUDAM/SUDENE tax benefit is calculated based on the net income under IFRS of each concession. These benefits are tax incentives granted by the Superintendency of Development for the Amazon (SUDAM) and by Superintendency of Development of the Northeast (SUDENE) in activities directly related to production in the region and they reduce 75% of income tax due to exploration of transmission concessions.

Income and social contribution taxation rules by fiscal regimen

<u>Lucro Real (real profit)</u>: The company must anticipate taxes monthly, based on monthly revenues, over which predetermined percentages are applied, according to the activities, in order to obtain an estimated profit margin on which the income tax (IRPJ) and social contribution (CSLL) are levied. At the end of each fiscal year, the legal entity reports its annual balance sheet and adjusts the profit for the year, calculating the final IRPJ and CSLL and discounting the anticipated taxes paid monthly. Eventually, the anticipated tax payments may be higher than the real taxes due, generating a credit in favor of the taxpayer.

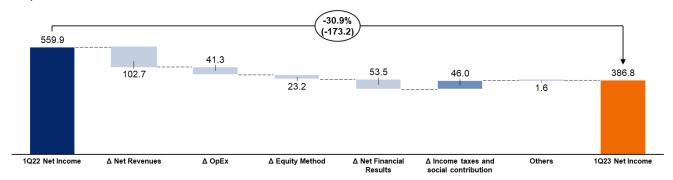
<u>Lucro Presumido (presumed profit)</u>: IRPJ and CSLL for "Lucro Presumido" are calculated quarterly. The rate of each tax (IRPJ and CSLL) is levied on revenues based on a percentage of variable presumption, depending on the activity. In Taesa's case, the presumption rates of IRPJ and CSLL are 8% and 12%, respectively.



4.16. Net Income

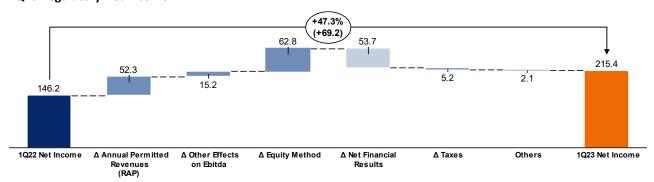
Net Income under IFRS totaled R\$ 386.8 million in 1Q23, 30.9% lower y.o.y.

1Q23 Net Income under IFRS:



Regulatory Net Income totaled R\$ 215.4 million in 1Q23, presenting an y.o.y. increase of 47.3%.

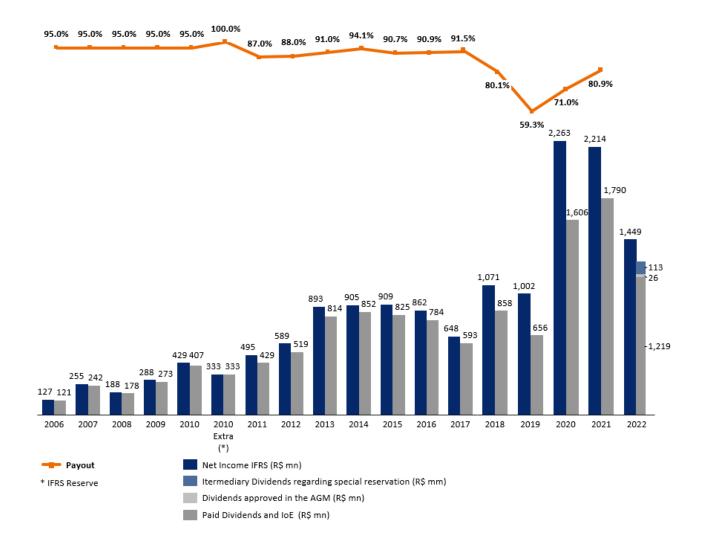
1Q23 Regulatory Net Income:





4.17. Dividends and Interest on Equity

At the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on April 27, 2023, the shareholders approved the management's proposal regarding the allocation of the results of the 2022 fiscal year. The total amount of dividends and interest on capital approved for the fiscal year 2022 was R\$ 1,244,759,611.50, of which: (i) R\$ 353,958,594.59 were paid in 2022 as Interim Dividends; (ii) R\$ 404,752,894.90 were paid in 2022 as Interest on Equity; (iii) R\$ 460,000,000.06 were paid in January 2023 as Interim Dividends; (iv) R\$ 26,048,121.95 as remaining minimum mandatory dividends to be paid by December 31, 2023, based on the shareholding position on May 3, 2023. As of May 4, 2023, the shares will be traded "ex-dividends" on B3 S.A. – Brasil, Bolsa e Balcão.





4.18. Indebtedness

In 1Q23, Taesa's Gross Debt totaled R\$ 9,404.8 million, 14.8% higher than the previous quarter. The Company's cash position totaled R\$ 1,050.3 million, a 3.9% drop this quarter, resulting in a net outstanding debt of R\$ 8,354.5 million, or 17.6% higher q.o.q.

R\$ MM

IA IAIIAI					
Net Debt	1Q23	% Outst. Debt	4Q22	% Outst. Debt	Chg.%
Short Term	807.9	8.6%	634.7	7.7%	27.3%
Fixed Coupon	1.0	0.0%	2.0	0.0%	-48.6%
CDI	186.1	2.0%	83.3	1.0%	123.4%
IPCA	620.8	6.6%	549.5	6.7%	13.0%
Long Term	8,597.0	91.4%	7,560.3	92.3%	13.7%
Fixed Coupon	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0%	-37.5%
CDI	3,173.6	33.7%	2,367.5	28.9%	34.1%
IPCA	5,423.3	57.7%	5,192.7	63.4%	4.4%
Total Debt	9,404.8	100.0%	8,195.0	100.0%	14.8%
(-) Cash and cash equiv	(1,050.3)		(1,093.5)		-3.9%
(=) Net Debt	8,354.5		7,101.5		17.6%

^{*} The cash value is the sum of the Cash and Cash Equivalent and Securities lines.

In 1Q23, gross debt totaled R\$ 9,404.8 MM and cash R\$ 1,050.3 MM, resulting in a net debt of R\$ 8,354.5 MM. Gross debt increased in the quarter due to the Company's 13th debenture issuance in the amount of R\$ 1 billion.

The 3.9% reduction in Cash and Investments in the quarter is mainly explained by (i) payment of indemnity in the amount of R\$ 870.6 MM related to the new project Saíra, (ii) payment of dividends of R\$ 460 MM in January 2023 and (iii) payment of interest on Taesa's 11th debenture issuance and the 1st debenture issuance by Janaúba in the total amount of R\$ 71 MM. These effects were offset by the 13th debenture issuance, operating cash generation and the increase in the CDI rate in the period.

Proportionally consolidating the jointly controlled and affiliated companies, total gross debt would be R\$ 11,705.9 MM and cash of R\$ 1,382.2 MM, considering the following amounts: (i) TBE's debts in the amount of R\$ 1,136.6 MM and cash/investments of R\$ 218.5 MM; (ii) ETAU's debts in the amount of R\$ 1.1 MM and cash/investments of R\$ 12.0 MM; and (iii) AIE debts (Aimorés, Paraguaçu and Ivaí) of R\$ 1,163.4 MM and cash/investments of R\$ 101.4 MM.

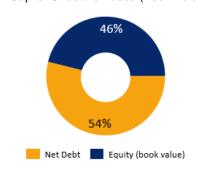
Considering the proportional net debt of joint investees and affiliates, the net debt to EBITDA ratio was 3.9x in 1Q23, above the value recorded in 4Q22 (3.7x). Disregarding the result of jointly controlled and affiliated companies, this indicator would be 4.3x in 1Q23 vs. 3.8x recorded in 4Q22.

Debt by Company (R\$ MM)

Company	Gross Debt R\$ mn	Cash Balance R\$ mn	Net Debt R\$ mn
TAESA	9,404.8	1,050.3	8,354.5
ETAU (75.6%)	1.1	12.0	-10.9
TBE (49.99%)	1,136.6	218.5	918.1
AIE (50%)	1,163.4	101.4	1,062.0
TOTAL	11,705.9	1,382.2	10,323.7

Note: The operational management of the Transirapé, Transudeste and Transleste concessions (together, "Transmineiras") is now carried out by the TBE group. As of 2Q22, Transmineiras' results were incorporated into TBE's results. For comparison purposes, the respective quarters of the previous year will also undergo this pro forma adjustment.

Capital Structure Taesa (Book Value)





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The debt of Taesa, jointly-controlled and affiliated companies is detailed in the table below, proportionally.

## 4th Debentures IPCA 545,889 15,036 IPCA + 5,109 Br. AAA Cot -2024 Annual Str. Abbertures IPCA 345,866 B,133 IPCA + 5,526% AAA br Sep-2024 Annual Str. Abbertures IPCA 583,710 28,807 IPCA + 5,526% AAA br Jul-2025 Annual Str. Abbertures IPCA 257,518 5,417 IPCA + 5,506% AAA br May-2026 Bullet Abbertures IPCA 360,028 5,460 IPCA + 4,509% AAA br May-2026 Semision IPCA 360,028 5,460 IPCA + 4,709% AAA br Sep-2044 Semision IPCA 360,028 5,460 IPCA + 4,709% AAA br Sep-2046 Semision IPCA 111,124 2,045 IPCA + 4,709% AAA br May-2038 Bullet III Debentures IPCA 111,124 2,045 IPCA + 4,709% AAA br May-2038 Aanual III Debentures IPCA 638,410 15,441 IPCA + 47,605% AAA br May-2027 Semision III Debentures IPCA 638,410 15,441 IPCA + 47,605% AAA br May-2027 Semision III Debentures IPCA 638,410 15,441 IPCA + 47,605% AAA br May-2027 Semision III Debentures IPCA 236,599 8,037 IPCA + 4,765% AAA br May-2027 Semision III Debentures IPCA 335,444 IPCA + 47,605% AAA br May-2027 Semision III Debentures IPCA 335,444 IPCA + 47,605% AAA br May-2027 Semision III Debentures IPCA 335,444 IPCA + 47,605% AAA br May-2027 Semision III Debentures IPCA 335,444 IPCA + 47,605% AAA br May-2027 Semision III Debentures IPCA 335,444 IPCA + 47,605% AAA br May-2027 Semision III Debentures IPCA 335,444 IPCA + 47,605% AAA br May-2027 Semision III Debentures IPCA 335,444 IPCA + 47,605% AAA br May-2027 Semision III Debentures IPCA 335,445 IPCA + 47,605% AA br May-2028 Bullet III Debentures IPCA 35,445 IPCA + 47,605% AA br May-2028 Bullet III Debentures IPCA 57,705 III Debentures I	2 1 1 1 1 2 al 2 2 al 1 1 al 1 1
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SWAP 1st Series of 6th issuance (BR Partners)	1
SWAP 1st Series of 6th issuance (Santander) IPCA	1
SWAP 1st Series of 6th issuance (Itaú) IPCA 57,180 0 3.94%.per year . May-2026 Bullet	1
SWAP 1st Series of 6th issuance (Br Partners) IPCA 57,095 0 3.91%, per year - May-2026 Bullet	1
SWAP 1st Series of 6th issuance (Santander) IPCA 56,488 0 3.66%, per year - May-2026 Bullet	1
FINAME	1
FINAME	1
Ist Debentures	12
Panaluba	12
Dec-2044 Annual	2
Lagoa Nova BNB Financing IPCA 50,435 2,368 IPCA + 2.109% per.year - May-2038 Month	1
BNDES-GIRO TJLP 1,079 8 TLP+2,78%+1,5% - Oct-2023 Month	12
Th Debentures	12
Sth Debentures	12
Section Page	1
10th Debentures	
1st Debentures	
EBTE 2nd Debentures CDI 37,143 2,720 CDI+1,9% - Apr-2026 4th e 5th y	12
Std Debentures CDI 33,322 2,017 CDI+1,8% - May-2027 4th e 5th y	
EDTE 2nd Debentures IPCA 154,453 49,310 IPCA+5,29% - Dec-2028 Semianni 5th Debentures CDI 9,533 272 108,60% CDI - jul/2024 Bullet CCB Santander CDI 12,301 162 2,90% a.a. +CDI - jul/2025 Monthl 6th Debentures CDI 9,520 697 CDI+1,9% - Abr/2026 4th e 5th y	
Sth Debentures CDI 9,533 272 108,60% CDI - jul/2024 Bullet CCB Santander CDI 12,301 162 2,90% a.a. + CDI - jul/2025 Monthl 6th Debentures CDI 9,520 697 CDI + 1,9% - Abr/2026 4th e 5th y	
CCB Santander CDI 12,301 162 2,90% a.a. +CDI - jul/2025 Monthl 6th Debentures CDI 9,520 697 CDI +1,9% - Abr/2026 4th e 5th y	
6th Debentures CDI 9,520 697 CDI+1,9% - Abr/2026 4th e 5th y	1
	12
7th Debentures CDI 11,393 689 CDI+1,8% - May-2027 4th e 5th y	
4th Debentures CDI 24,957 713 108,60% CDI - Jul/2024 Bullet	1
ENTE	12
5th Debentures CDI 14,894 902 CDI+1,8% - May-2027 4th e 5th y	
3rd Debentures CDI 1,377 3 112% CDI - Jun/2023 Monthl	12
ETEP CBB Santander CDI 45,777 603 TJLP+2,08% - Abr/2027 Monthli	12
43 Debêntures CDI 24,924 1,825 CDI+1,9% - Abr/2026 4th e 5th y	ar 1
5th Debentures CDI 17,381 1,053 CDI+1,8% - May-2027 4th e 5th y	ar 1
ESTE 1st Debentures IPCA 270,500 10,581 IPCA+4,5% a.a. - Dec-2044 Semianni	al 2
TRANSLESTE BDMG pré-fix 2,547 14 10% a.a Mar/2025 Monthl	12
BNB pré-fix 731 60 9,5% a.a Mar/2025 Monthl	12
BDMG pré-fix 1,072 2 3.50% - jan/2024 Monthl	12
BDMG pré-fix 1,496 82 3,5%+TJLP - Out/2029 Monthl	12
TRANSIRAPÉ 3rd Debentures CDI 26,927 1,971 CDI+1,9% - Apr-2026 4th e 5th y	ar 1
BNDES pré-fix 903 64 6,5%+TJLP - Apr-2026 Monthl	
IVAÍ 1st Debentures IPCA 1,149,067 14,286 IPCA +4,9982% a.a Dec-2043 Semianni	12
Total 11,269,362 436,531	

^{*} The debt was collected in USD and indexed to Libor. However, as the debt includes a swap for CDI, the final value of the debt includes the swap balance.



4.19. Investments

In 1Q23, the Company, its subsidiaries, jointly controlled and associated companies invested a total of R\$ 1,176.4 million vs. R\$ 130.8 million invested in 1Q22, related to projects under construction. The increase of approximately R\$ 1 billion between the compared periods is mainly due to the indemnity paid upon signing the Saíra contract and to higher investments in the Ivaí, Ananaí and Sant'Ana projects, partially offset by lower investments in Paraguaçu, Aimorés and ESTE due to the completion of these projects.

Projects under Construction - proportional to TAESA's stake

					Impleme	ntation Cos	t (Capex)				
R\$ '000	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	1T23	TOTAL
Mariana	2,619	4,751	21,181	38,106	22,797	55,083	34,592	-	-	-	179,129
Miracema			1,197	41,695	115,009	110,664	-		-		268,565
Janaúba				10,190	30,741	116,074	655,111	162,130	-	-	974,246
Aimorés				3,923	3,638	65,877	82,034	15,751	37,394	-	208,618
Paraguaçu				5,750	4,611	110,848	108,966	40,506	92,716	-	363,396
Ivaí				8,662	12,740	46,190	379,137	348,458	131,194	248,097	1,174,478
ESTE				868	4,546	6,243	122,486	140,757	28,481	-	303,380
EDTE					14,635	175,155	1,837	-	-	-	191,626
Sant'Ana						32,172	151,021	268,325	118,440	38,120	608,078
Ananaí						-	-	-	106,917	14,759	121,676
Pitiguari										2,195	6,011
Tangará										2,199	2,199
Saira ¹										871,021	871,021
Total	2,619	4,751	22,378	109,195	208,716	718,306	1,535,184	975,927	518,958	1,176,390	5,272,424

Note: The amounts presented in the table above consider the implementation of infrastructure costs in each of the projects on an accrual basis, in line with the IFRS Results disclosed by the Company. (1) The 1Q23 amount includes the indemnity payment of R\$ 870.6 MM to the previous concessionaire. Since the indemnity is related to the operational portion of the project, the Company treated the transaction as a contractual asset acquisition, registering the exact value disbursed in its asset base, thus not affecting the IFRS income statements in the quarter.

4.20. Projects under Construction

Currently, Taesa has six projects under construction with a total ANEEL Capex of R\$ 6,832 million and a RAP of R\$ 924.1 million (2022-2023 RAP cycle) and material reinforcements at the Novatrans concessions with a total ANEEL Capex of R\$ 262.6 million and a RAP of R\$ 45.0 million (2022-2023 RAP cycle). Considering the Company's proportionate interest in these concessions, the ANEEL Capex is R\$ 6,126 million with a proportional RAP of R\$ 769.9 million.

Auction	Project	Extension / Location	Partnership	RAP (2022-23 cycle) R\$ mn	Capex ANEEL R\$ mn	Contract Signing	ANEEL's Deadline	Status
Auction 013/2013 (Dec-13)	Mariana (Lot A)	82 km / Minas Gerais	100% Taesa	20,6	107	May/14	May/17	Concluded on 05/25/2020
Auction 013/2015	Miracema (Lot P)	90 km / Tocantins	100% Taesa	86,4	276	Jun/16	Dec/19	Concluded on 11/29/2019
(Apr-16)	EDTE (Lot M)	167 km / Bahia	25% Taesa 25% Apollo 12 50% ENTE	92,2	368	Dec/16	Dec/19	Concluded on 01/20/2020
	ESTE (Lot 22)	236 km / Minas Gerais and Espirito Santo	50% Taesa 50% Alupar (100% EATE- TBE)	149,0	486	Feb/17	Feb/22	Concluded on 02/09/2022
Auction 013/2015 Part 2	Janaúba (Lot 17)	545 km / Bahia and Minas Gerais	100% Taesa	257,6	960	Feb/17	Feb/22	Concluded on 09/01/2021
(Oct-16)	Aimorés (Lot 4)	208 km / Minas Gerais	50% Taesa 50% CTEEP	105,4	341	Feb/17	Feb/22	Concluded on 05/06/2022
	Paraguaçu (Lot 3)	338 km / Bahia and Minas Gerais	50% Taesa 50% CTEEP	157,3	510	Feb/17	Feb/22	Concluded on 07/27/2022
Auction 005/2016 (Apr-16)	Ivaí (Lot 1)	593 km / Paraná	50% Taesa 50% CTEEP	398,5	1937	Aug/17	Aug/22	In progress
Auction 004/2018 (Dec/18)	Sant'Ana (Lot 12)	591 km / Rio Grande do Sul	100% Taesa	77,8	610	Mar/19	Mar/23	In progress
Auction 002/2021 (Dec/21)	Ananaí (Lot 1)	363 km / São Paulo and Paraná	100% Taesa	159,9	1.750	Mar/22	mar/27	In progress
Auction 001/2022 (Jun/22)	Pitiguari (Lot 10)	93 km / Santa Catarina	100% Taesa	19,5	243	Mar/22	Mar/27	In progress
Auction 002/2022 (Dec/22)	Tangará (Lote 3)	351 km / Maranhão e Pará	100% Taesa	100,7	1.117	Mar/23	Mar/28	In progress
Auction 002/2022 (Dec/22)	Saíra (Lote 5)	743 km / Rio Grande do Sul e Santa Catarina	100% Taesa	167,7	1.175	Mar/23	Mar/28	In progress
TOTAL		4,408 Km		1,792 MM	9,880 MM			

Note: The RAP values presented in the table above already reflects PIS/COFINS.



Project Status

ESTE

- Basic project proposal filed with ANEEL and already approved in ONS.
- Preliminary License (LP) issued in January 2019.
- Installation Licence (LI) issued in October 2019.
- 1st issuance of debentures of ESTE in December 2019.
- Issued the OSC (Ordem de Serviço de Campo) for the start of field work.
- Operating Licence issued on December 17, 2021.
- Revenue Release Term issued on Febaruary 18, 2022, retroactively dated February 9, 2022.
- Issuance of TLD (Termo de Liberação Definitiva) on March 13, 2023, with effective date as of March 3, 2023.
- Concession is operational.

Aimorés

- Basic project proposal approved by ANEEL.
- Preliminary License (LP) issued in October 2018.
- Recognition of the right to SUDENE tax benefit in December 2018. The benefit will last 10 years, from the beginning of its operations.
- Installation Licence (LI) issued in April 2019.
- Issuance of TLD (Termo de Liberação Definitiva) on May 6, 2022
- Concession is operational.

Paraguaçu

- Basic project proposal approved by ANEEL.
- Preliminary License (LP) issued in October 2018.
- Recognition of the right to SUDENE tax benefit in December 2018. The benefit will last 10 years, from the begining of its operations.
- Installation Licence (LI) issued in May 2019.
- Issuance of TLD (Termo de Liberação Definitiva) on July 27, 2022
- Concession is operational.

<u>lvaí</u>

- Basic project proposal filed with ANEEL.
- EIA/RIMA registered with IAP.
- Preliminary License (LP) for the 230 kV installations issued in September 2018.
- Change in corporate name of Elétricas Reunidas do Brasil S.A. (ERB1) for Interligação Elétrica Ivaí S.A.
- Installation Licence (LI) issued for SE Sarandi of 525/230 kV in April 2019, SE Paranavaí Norte 230/138 kV in May 2019, LT 230 kV Sarandi Paranavaí Norte in June 2019, and for the Substations Londrina of 525 kV, Foz do Iguaçu of 525 kV and Guaíra of 525 kV/230 kV and the LT 525 kV Sarandi Londrina in August 2019.
- 1st issuance of debentures of Ivaí in January 2020.
- Release Terms issued and retroactively dated for November 1, 2022, for the 525kV corridor for transmission lines LT Foz do Iguaçu Guaíra, LT Guaíra Sarandi and LT Sarandi Londrina
- Release terms for SE Sarandí de 525/230 kV on December 2, 2023.
- Release terms for SE Paranavaí Norte 230/138 kV and backup unit, and the capacitor bank 138kV de 30MVAr January 23, 2023.
- Release terms for LT Sarandi Paranavaí Norte, 230 kV (double circuit) on January 26, 2023.
- Construction progress: 99% accomplished as of March 31, 2023.



Sant'Ana

- Establishment of the company Sant'Ana Transmissora de Energia S.A. in January 2019.
- Execution of the concession agreement on March 22, 2019.
- Previous and Installation Licences (LPI) issued for the SEs Livramento 3 and Maçambará 3, both with 230kV, in October 2019.
- Previous Licenses (LP) issued for all transmission lines and for the 3 existing substations (SE Alegrete 2, SE Cerro Chato and SE Santa Maria 3) in December 2019.
- Installation Licence issued for the transmission lines LT Livramento 3 Alegrete 2 (C1), LT Livramento 3 Maçambará 3 (C1), LT Livramento 3 Cerro Chato (C1), and LT Maçambará Santo Ângelo (C1/C2), all with 230kV voltage, as well as for the expansion of existing substations of SE 230kV Alegrete 2 and SE 230kV Cerro Chato on April 9, 2020.
- Issuance of the last installation license in November 2020 referring to the LT 230kV CS Livramento 3 Santa Maria 3 and for the expansion of existing associated substations.
- Release Terms issued on April 1st, 2022, retroactively dated for March 28, 2022, for transmission lines LT Livramento 3 – Alegrete 2 e LT Livramento 3 – Cerro Chato and part of substation SE 230 kV Livramento 3.
- Release Terms issued on December 7, 2022, retroactively dated for November 30, 2022, for transmission lines LT Livramento 3 – Maçambará 3, substation SE Santa Maria 3 and Subsection Maçambará – Santo Ângelo em Maçambará 3 C1.
- Energization of the stretch of LT Livramento 3 Santa Maria 3 and SE Santa Maria 3 on May 2, 2023.
- Construction progress: 96.4% accomplished as of March 31, 2023.

Ananaí

- Incorporation of the company Ananaí Transmissora de Energia Elétrica S.A. in December 2021 to build and operate Lot 1 of Auction 02/2021.
- Concession contract formally signed on March 31, 2022
- Construction progress: 10.8% accomplished as of March 31, 2023.

Pitiguari

- Incorporation of the company Pitiguari Transmissora de Energia Elétrica S.A. in June 2022 to build and operate Lot 10 of Auction 01/2022.
- Concession contract formally signed on September 30, 2022.
- Construction progress: 8.1% accomplished as of March 31, 2023.

<u>Tangará</u>

- Incorporation of the company Tangará Transmissora de Energia Elétrica S.A. in December 2022 to build and operate Lot 3 of Auction 002/2022.
- Concession contract expected to be signed on March 30, 2023.

<u>Saíra</u>

- Incorporation of the company Saíra Transmissora de Energia Elétrica S.A. on December 2022 to build and operate Lot 5 of Auction 002/2022.
- Concession contract expected to be signed on March 30, 2023.
- Concession in operation with the right to account approximately 72.2% of the project's total RAP as of March 31, 2023.
- · Reinforcements of the asset under construction.



4.21. Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Initiatives

In the deployment, operation and maintenance of electric power transmission assets, as well as in the administrative procedures and business management, Taesa considers sustainability an important value to be cultivated internally ensures the security and reliability of its processes, as well as improves the quality of life of the population, respecting the environmental and sustainable development.

The Company acts on several fronts focused on the social, environmental and governance themes, publicizing them in its Sustainability Report (new name for the Social and Environmental Responsibility Report), a document that meets the requirements of ANEEL and the demands of several interested parties. However, the Company realized that it was important to further enhance on the communication of its actions related to ESG themes and to seek new and better market practices. For the period, we highlight the followings actions.

- Preparation of the sustainability report based on the GRI guidelines and the UN Global Compact SDGs
- Implementation of the Materiality Process and definition of Material Topics based on the GRI assumptions
- Preparation of the third GHG Emissions Inventory according to the GHG Protocol methodology
- Consolidation of the Diversity Program through the creation of the Diversity and Inclusion Committee and Policy
- Adherence to the UN Women's Seven Women's Empowerment Principles and association with the +Mulher 360 Movement
- Adherence to the Race is Priority Movement
- Availability of the ESG dashboard on the Investor Relations website
- Remain a signatory of the UN Global Compact committed to the 2030 Agenda (SDG)
- Issuance of 6 green bonds
- Certification for Great Place to Work Certification 2021-2022 1st place in the 2021 GPTW Energy -Generation, Distribution and Transmission Segment for the 4th consecutive year.
- Adherence to the Ethos Institute's Business Compact for Integrity and against Corruption.
- Adherence to 100% Transparency Movement of the United Nations Global Compact's Brasil network.
- Taesa's long-term strategic planning
- 100% Safety Program
- Financial discipline associated with adequate remuneration to shareholder
- Listed on B3's ICO2 and IGPTW indices, demonstrating commitment to fighting climate change and seeking better conditions and practices in the work environment

In early 2021, the Diversity and Inclusion program was created, initially comprising a plan of 18 actions segregated around 100 activities with the objective of valuing, promoting and adopting diversity and inclusion. The Program is divided into 5 pillars: Women Empowerment, 50+, LGBTQIA+, Persons with Disability, and Race and Ethnicity.In 2022, the Program continues with several highlighted actions below:

- Diversity Committee
- Affinity Groups
- Women Empowerment Forums
- Electricians training course for women
- Lectures on diversity themes
- Preparatory course for the labor market for People with Disability



2023 First Quarter Earnings Release

- Book on Diversity and Inclusion
- 50+ Mentorship Program

For more information, access the IR website and 2021 TAESA's Sustainability Report: https://ri.taesa.com.br/en/sustainability/overview/#relatorio

The ESG indicator panel is available on the IR website: https://ri.taesa.com.br/en/sustainability/asg-indicators/



5. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5.1. Revenues under IFRS by Concession

Remuneration of Contractual Assets is obtained by multiplying the balance of the asset by the Project Rate. The **Monetary Restatement of Contractual Assets** is the monthly recognition of inflation effects. **O&M Revenues** are adjusted by inflation (IGP-M or IPCA) on an annual basis, in the same way as with the RAP. The **Variable Portion** (PV) is a penalty derived from lines unavailability (see detail on section 4.1). All these revenue components are related to the operating period of the concessions.

In the Income Statements, the Remuneration of Contractual Assets, the Monetary Restatement of Contractual Assets, the Implementation of Infrastructure Revenues and O&M Revenues are accounted for in Revenues, as shown in the following table.

R\$ MM						1Q23
Concession	Remuneration of Contractual Asset	Monetary Restatement of Contractual Asset	Implementation of Infrastructure Revenues	O&M	Other Revenues	PV (Variable Portion)
NOVATRANS	57.6	8.5	0.1	50.7	0.3	12.5
TSN	19.9	3.6	0.4	95.9	0.3	(2.4
MUNIRAH	1.5	0.3	0.1	6.3	0.0	(1.4
GTESA	0.8	0.2	-	0.9	3.2	(0.0
PATESA	2.5	0.6	-	2.4	0.0	-
ETEO	11.0	2.3	-	19.2	0.3	-
NTE	14.4	2.1	0.0	15.6	0.1	0.0
STE	8.5	1.8	0.0	6.2	0.0	(0.2
ATE	14.6	3.3	-	12.0	0.1	-
ATE II	17.5	4.4	0.1	26.9	0.2	(0.0
ATE III	7.7	7.2	0.0	12.6	0.3	(0.0
ETAU	2.1	0.8		3.9	2.8	0.0
BRASNORTE	6.2	4.2	-	0.8	0.8	(2.6
SÃO GOTARDO	0.9	1.4	-	0.3	(0.0)	_
SÃO JOÃO	10.0	12.2	-	2.3	0.0	-
SÃO PEDRO	10.1	11.4	_	1.8	1.9	(0.2
LAGOA NOVA	3.1	2.6	_	0.5	0.0	0.0
MARIANA	3.6	4.8	-	0.5	0.0	-
MIRACEMA	15.2	13.1	-	5.0	0.7	(0.3
JANAÚBA	52.8	43.3	-	6.1	0.2	(0.3
SANT'ANA	9.7	9.0	46.1	1.1	(0.9)	(0.2
ANANAÍ	-	-	22.2	-	-	-
PITIGUARI	-	-	2.7	-	-	-
SAÍRA	-	-	0.4	-	-	-
TANGARÁ	-	-	3.1	-	-	-
AIMORÉS	9.5	9.6	-	2.0	0.0	-
PARAGUAÇÚ	14.7	15.0	-	2.4	0.0	-
IVAÍ	34.4	(0.1)	251.2	-	9.0	-
EATE	17.0	5.8	-	8.6	0.0	(0.1
EBTE	4.7	7.5	1.4	2.8	(0.3)	(0.0
ECTE	1.3	0.5	-	0.7	(0.0)	-
EDTE	9.0	7.9	-	1.4	-	(0.0
ENTE	9.4	3.5	-	4.4	(0.0)	(0.0
ERTE	1.8	0.7	-	1.6	2.3	-
ESDE	1.2	1.4	-	0.4	(0.1)	(0.0
ESTE	13.3	13.2	-	3.1	0.0	-
ETEP	3.5	1.2	-	2.7	(0.1)	-
ETSE	0.9	1.2	-	0.2	(0.1)	-
LUMITRANS	0.8	0.3		0.6	(0.0)	-
STC	0.9	1.2		0.9	(1.4)	(0.0)
TRANSIRAPE	2.0	0.6		0.9	(2.0)	-
TRANSLESTE	2.9	0.6		0.7	0.0	-
TRANSUDESTE	1.5	0.4		0.6	-	-
Total	398.3	207.9	327.8	305.1	17.8	4.8



5.2. Movement of Contractual Assets (IFRS)



Concession	Project Rate	Contractual Asset 4Q22	Remuneration of Contratual Asset	Contractual Asset Monetary Restatement	- Implementation of Infrastructure Revenues	O&M	Other Revenues	RAP	Contractual Asset 1Q23
NOVATRANS	10%	1,636.2	57.6	8.5	0.1	50.7	0.3	(134.2)	0.0
TSN	11%	802.0	19.9	3.6	0.4	95.9	0.3	(126.9)	0.0
MUNIRAH	12%	62.5	1.5	0.3	0.1	6.3	0.0	(8.3)	0.0
GTESA	11%	31.0	0.8	0.2		0.9	3.2	(5.4)	0.0
PATESA	8%	130.3	2.5	0.6		2.4	0.0	(6.7)	0.0
ETEO	10%	441.3	11.0	2.3		19.2	0.3	(40.1)	0.0
NTE	15%	410.8	14.4	2.1	0.0	15.6	0.1	(35.1)	0.0
STE	10%	343.2	8.5	1.8	0.0	6.2	0.0	(19.3)	0.0
ATE	10%	637.2	14.6	3.3		12.0	0.1	(33.9)	0.0
ATE II	9%	855.1	17.5	4.4	0.1	26.9	0.2	(53.1)	0.0
ATE III ¹³	7%	466.3	7.7	7.2	0.0	12.6	0.3	(40.0)	0.0
ETAU ³	18%	113.1	2.1	0.8		3.9	2.8	(11.5)	112.6
BRASNORTE ³	6%	228.6	6.2	4.2		0.8	0.8	(8.9)	231.6
SÃO GOTARDO¹	5%	72.6	0.9	1.4		0.3	(0.0)	(1.7)	73.5
SÃO JOÃO ¹³	6%	656.3	10.0	12.2		2.3	0.0	(15.6)	665.1
SÃO PEDRO ¹³	6%	619.7	10.1	11.4		1.8	1.9	(16.6)	628.3
LAGOA NOVA ¹³	9%	139.0	3.1	2.6		0.5	0.0	(4.0)	141.3
MARIANA ¹²³	6%	255.7	3.6	4.8		0.5	0.0	(5.2)	259.4
MIRACEMA ¹²³	9%	679.1	15.2	13.1		5.0	0.7	(22.9)	690.3
JANAÚBA ¹²³	10%	2,253.3	52.8	43.3		6.1	0.2	(64.6)	2,291.0
SANT'ANA ¹²³	9%	612.9	9.7	9.0	46.1	1.1	(0.9)	(10.78)	654.1
ANANAͲ	7%	153.4		-	22.2	-			175.6
PITIGUARI ²	5%	5.8		-	2.7	-		-	8.6
SAÍRA ²	9%	-		-	0.4	-			871.0
TANGARÁ ²	5%	-		-	3.1	-			3.1
AIMORÉS ¹²³⁴	8%	497.5	9.5	9.6		2.0	0.0	(13.2)	505.5
PARAGUAÇÚ ¹²³⁴	8%	784.0	14.7	15.0		2.4	0.0	(19.7)	796.5
IVAÍ ¹²³⁴	8%	1,812.2	34.4	(0.1)	251.2	-	9.0	(46.0)	2,060.0
EATE ³	7%	1,070.0	17.0	5.8		8.6	0.0	(49.6)	1,051.9
EBTE ¹	4%	428.7	4.7	7.5	1.4	2.8	(0.3)	(16.2)	428.6
ECTE	6%	88.3	1.3	0.5		0.7	(0.0)	(4.1)	86.7
EDTE ¹²³	9%	412.3	9.0	7.9		1.4		(11.5)	419.1
ENTE	6%	647.0	9.4	3.5		4.4	(0.0)	(25.5)	638.7
ERTE	5%	136.2	1.8	0.7		1.6	2.3	(8.1)	134.5
ESDE ¹	7%	72.0	1.2	1.4		0.4	(0.1)	(2.0)	72.8
ESTE ¹²³	8%	684.2	13.3	13.2		3.1	0.0	(18.6)	695.1
ETEP	6%	227.9	3.5	1.2		2.7	(0.1)	(11.1)	224.3
ETSE ¹	6%	63.7	0.9	1.2		0.2	(0.1)	(1.4)	64.5
LUMITRANS	5%	68.3	0.8	0.3	-	0.6	(0.0)	(3.0)	67.0
STC ¹	5%	71.8	0.9	1.2		0.9	(1.4)	(1.8)	71.7
TRANSIRAPE ⁵	8%	116.2	2.0	0.6	-	0.9	(2.0)	(2.7)	115.0
TRANSLESTE ⁵	10%	116.2	2.9	0.6	-	0.7	0.0	(5.0)	115.5
TRANSUDESTE ⁵	8%	79.3	1.5	0.4	-	0.6	-	(3.1)	78.8
Total		18,981.5	398.3	207.9	327.8	305.1	17.8	(907.2)	14,431.5
¹ The RAPs must be	grossed up of	DIS/COFINS							

¹ The RAPs must be grossed up of PIS/COFINS

⁵ Change in the 4Q21 contractual asset balance as a result of the methodology adjustment related to the inclusion of EATE participation in Transmineiras.



² under construction

³ The remuneration rates were adjusted based on CVM Circular Letter No. 04/2020, which deals with the relevant aspects of CPC 47 and CPC 48 for the transmission companies.

 $^{^4}$ Change in the calculation methodology of the contractual assets impacted the balance of AIE's contractual assets in 1Q21

5.3. 1Q23 Income Statement

Income Statement

Income Statement		IFRS		D	ogulatoni	
	1Q23	1Q22	Chg. %	1Q23	egulatory 1Q22	Chg. %
GROSS OPERATING REVENUES	1425	-	Clig. 70	1425	Iqee	Clig. 70
Service revenues		_	_	653,120	600,865	8.7%
Operation and Maintenance	267,208	239,853	11.4%	-	-	
Remuneration of contractual assets	267,466	254,078	5.3%			
Monetary restatement of contractual assets	136,421	333,162	-59.1%			
Implementation of Infrastructure Revenues	75,100	49,905	50.5%			
Other Revenues	7,473	6,855	9.0%	299	70	326.3%
Variable Portion	5,015	(22,771)		5,015	(22,771)	-
TOTAL GROSS REVENUES	758.684	861.082	-11.9%	658,434	578,164	13.9%
PIS/Cofins	(41,533)	(46,750)	-11.2%	(36,066)	(33,352)	8.1%
Service Tax	(116)	(98)	18.3%	(116)	(98)	18.3%
ICMS	(3)	(1)	184.8%	(3)	(1)	184.8%
RGR, P&D, TFSEE, CDE and PROINFA	(24,116)	(18,586)	29.7%	(24,116)	(18,586)	29.7%
Other Deductions	(24,110)	(10,500)	25.770	(24,110)	(10,500)	25.770
Gross Revenue deductions	(65,768)	(65,436)	0.5%	(60,301)	(52,038)	15.9%
NET REVENUES	692,916	795,646	-12.9%	598,133	526,127	13.7%
Personnel			7.7%			7.7%
Material	(53,055)	(49,245)	103.7%	(53,055)	(49,245)	205.9%
	(73,889)	(36,269)	3.7%	(2,099)	(686)	3.7%
Third party services	(15,667)	(15,102)		(15,667)	(15,102)	
Other operating expenses	(2,856)	(3,540)	-19.3%	(5,447)	(6,647)	-18.1%
Costs and Expenses	(145,467)	(104,157)	39.7%	(76,267)	(71,681)	6.4%
Depreciation and amortization	(5,236)	(6,856)	-23.6%	(73,595)	(71,449)	3.0%
Costs, Expenses and D&A	(150,703)	(111,013)	35.8%	(149,862)	(143,129)	4.7%
Gains (losses) on company acquisitions	F42 242	694 633	20.00/	440 274	202.007	47.00/
GROSS PROFIT	542,213	684,633	-20.8%	448,271	382,997	17.0%
Equity method	187,409	210,659	-11.0%	91,700	28,903	217.3%
Revenues from financial investments	33,783	23,047	46.6%	33,783	23,047	46.6%
Financial Expenses	(315,486)	(251,227)	25.6%	(315,375)	(250,905)	25.7%
Borrowings and financing	2,530	89,169	-97.2%	2,530	89,169	-97.2%
- Interests Incurred	(6,801)	(2,645)	157.1%	(6,801)	(2,645)	157.1%
- Monetary Variation	-	-	_	-	-	_
- Exchange variation	6,461	88,151	-92.7%	6,461	88,151	-92.7%
- Fair value adjustment	2,869	3,664	-21.7%	2,869	3,664	-21.7%
Financial instrument	(17,109)	(104,690)	-83.7%	(17,109)	(104,690)	-83.7%
- Interests Incurred	(7,779)	(12,875)	-39.6%	(7,779)	(12,875)	-39.6%
- Exchange Variation	(6,461)	(88,151)	-92.7%	(6,461)	(88,151)	-92.7%
- Monetary Variation	-	-	-	-	-	_
- Fair value adjustment	(2,869)	(3,664)	-21.7%	(2,869)	(3,664)	-21.7%
Debentures	(289,427)	(235,550)	22.9%	(289,427)	(235,550)	22.9%
- Interests incurred	(171,652)	(132,847)	29.2%	(171,652)	(132,847)	29.2%
- Monetary Variation	(117,776)	(102,703)	14.7%	(117,776)	(102,703)	14.7%
- Mark to market		-		-	-	_
Leasing	(110)	(322)	-65.8%	-	-	
Other financial expenses	(11,368)	166		(11,368)	166	_
Financial Revenues (Expenses)	(281,703)	(228,180)	23.5%	(281,592)	(227,858)	23.6%
NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	447,920	667,112	-32.9%	258,379	184,043	40.4%
Income taxes and social contribution	(61,148)	(107,188)	-43.0%	(43,011)	(37,860)	13.6%
NET INCOME	386,772	559,923	-30.9%	215,368	146,183	47.3%
EBITDA	547,449	691,489	-20.8%	521,866	454,446	14.8%
EBITDA Margin	79.0%	86.9%	-7.9 pp	87.2%	86.4%	0.9 pp



5.4. 1Q23 IFRS Income Statement (Subsidiaries)

IFRS Income Statement

R\$ '000	ETAU	TBE	Aimorés	Paraguaçu	Ivaí
GROSS OPERATING REVENUES					
Operation and Maintenance	3,865	29,655	2,032	2,373	-
Remuneration of the Contractual Asset	2,078	70,247	9,476	14,703	34,356
Monetary adjustment of the Contractual Asset	826	46,153	9,596	15,045	(108)
Implementation of Infrastructure Revenues	-	1,435	-	-	251,237
Other Revenues	2,788	1,668	28	0	-
Variable Portion	1	(211)	-	-	-
TOTAL GROSS REVENUES	9,558	148,948	21,133	32,121	285,484
PIS/Cofins	(520)	(9,015)	(1,986)	(3,013)	(27,241)
RGR, P&D, TFSEE, CDE and PROINFA	(351)	(5,518)	(165)	(176)	(418)
Gross Revenue deductions	(871)	(14,533)	(2,151)	(3,190)	(27,659)
NET REVENUES	8,686	134,414	18,981	28,932	257,825
COSTS AND OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel	(753)	(6,461)	(319)	(542)	(485)
Material	(457)	(2,226)	8	(3)	(124,048)
Third party services	(258)	(4,131)	(106)	(155)	(2,036)
Other operating expenses	(5)	(1,173)	(34)	(39)	(154)
Costs and Expenses	(1,473)	(13,991)	(451)	(739)	(126,724)
Depreciation and amortization	(47)	(178)	(9)	(13)	(34)
Costs, Expenses and D&A	(1,520)	(14,169)	(459)	(753)	(126,758)
GROSS PROFIT	7,166	120,245	18,522	28,179	131,068
Equity method	-	-	-	-	-
Revenues from financial investments	360	5,039	995	752	1,564
Financial Expenses	(26)	(41,280)	(90)	(46)	(33,546)
Net Financial Revenues (Expenses)	334	(36,241)	905	705	(31,983)
NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	7,500	84,004	19,427	28,885	99,085
Income taxes and social contribution	(413)	(7,614)	(6,607)	(9,818)	(36,189)
NET INCOME	7,087	76,390	12,821	19,067	62,896
EBITDA	7,213	120,423	18,531	28,192	131,102
EBITDA Margin	83.0%	89.6%	97.6%	97.4%	50.8%



5.5. 1Q23 Regulatory Income Statement (Subsidiaries)

The difference between the equity income in the Company and the sum of the income from ETAU, TBE, Aimorés, Paraguaçu and Ivaí is due to the amortization of the goodwill arising from the allocation of the price paid for the acquisition of TBE.

Regulatory Income Statement

R\$ '000	ETAU	TBE	Aimorés	Paraguaçu	Ivaí
GROSS OPERATING REVENUES					
Service revenues	11.488	161.486	13.199	19.659	46.711
Other Revenues	-	-	-	-	-
Variable Portion	-	(211)	-	-	-
TOTAL GROSS REVENUES	11.488	161.275	13.199	19.659	46.711
PIS/Cofins	(420)	(8.333)	(1.258)	(1.876)	(4.321)
RGR, P&D, TFSEE, CDE and PROINFA	(351)	(5.518)	(165)	(176)	(2)
Gross Revenue deductions	(771)	(13.851)	(1.423)	(2.052)	(4.323)
NET REVENUES	10.717	147.424	11.777	17.607	42.388
COSTS AND OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel	(753)	(6.461)	(319)	(542)	(485)
Material	(9)	(248)	(5)	(17)	-
Third party services	(258)	(4.131)	(106)	(155)	(2.036)
Other operating expenses	(65)	(2.118)	(34)	(39)	(154)
Costs and Expenses	(1.085)	(12.959)	(464)	(753)	(2.675)
Depreciation and amortization	(874)	(16.096)	(1.357)	(2.301)	(34)
Costs, Expenses and D&A	(1.960)	(29.055)	(1.821)	(3.054)	(2.710)
GROSS PROFIT	8.757	118.369	9.955	14.553	39.679
Equity method	-	-	-	-	-
Revenues from financial investments	360	5.039	995	752	1.564
Financial Expenses	(26)	(41.280)	(90)	(46)	(33.546)
Net Financial Revenues (Expenses)	335	(36.241)	905	705	(31.983)
NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	9.092	82.128	10.860	15.258	7.696
Income taxes and social contribution	(472)	(7.575)	(3.694)	(5.185)	(2.896)
NET INCOME	8.620	74.554	7.166	10.073	4.800
EBITDA	9.632	134.465	11.313	16.854	39.713
EBITDA Margin	89,9%	91,2%	96,1%	95,7%	93,7%



5.6. EBITDA Reconciliation

The reconciliation of EBITDA excludes the impact caused by the equity method in the Company's results.

EBITDA Reconciliation IFRS

R\$ MM	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%
Net Income	386.8	559.9	-30.9%
Income taxes and social contribution	61.1	107.2	-43.0%
Net Financial Expenses	281.7	228.2	23.5%
Depreciation and amortization	5.2	6.9	-23.6%
Equity method	(187.4)	(210.7)	-11.0%
EBITDA	547.4	691.5	-20.8%
EBITDA Margin	79.0%	86.9%	-7.9 pp

EBITDA Reconciliation Regulatory

R\$ MM	1Q23	1Q22	Chg.%
Net Income	215.4	146.2	47.3%
Income taxes and social contribution	43.0	37.9	13.6%
Net Financial Expenses	281.6	227.9	23.6%
Depreciation and amortization	73.6	71.4	3.0%
Equity method	(91.7)	(28.9)	217.3%
EBITDA	521.9	454.4	14.8%
EBITDA Margin	87.2%	86.4%	0.9 bps



5.7. Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet			
		1Q23	
R\$ '000	IFRS	Adjustment	Regulatory
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalent	1,039,721	-	1,039,721
Financial Investments	-	_	-
Receivables	242,392		242,392
Contractual Asset	1,468,366	1,468,366	
Recoverable taxes Bonds and related deposits	260,217		260,217
Derivative financial instruments	11		11
Dividends and interest on equity to receive	128,081		128,081
Stocks	16,827		16,827
Other Current Assets	40,461		40,461
Total Current Assets	3,196,076	1,468,366	1,727,710
Financial Investments	10,597		10,597
Financial Asset	10,981,911	10,981,911	-
Deferred income tax	-		
Deferred income tax and social contribution	-	(32,424)	32,424
Income tax and social contribution	-		-
Investment	3,749,486	2,334,972	1,414,514
Receivables	32,671		32,671
Escrow deposits Financial instruments derivatives	56,512		56,512
Other receivables	51,853	<u>-</u>	51,853
Fixed Assets	213,410	(7,215,208)	7,428,618
Intangible Assets	140,628	(251,601)	392,229
Right of use	3,355	3,355	-
Total Non Current Assets	15,240,423	5,821,005	9,419,418
Total Assets	18,436,499	7,289,371	11,147,128
Liabilities			
Trade accounts payable	105,310	_	105,310
Taxes	41,973		41,973
Borrowings and financing	6,865	-	6,865
Debentures	800,989	-	800,989
Leasing liability	596	596	
Financial instruments derivatives	-		
Dividends to pay	26,108		26,108
Regulatory fees	61,999		61,999
Other payables Total Current Liabilities	88,309	32,727	55,582
Borrowings and financing	1,132,149 410,133	33,323	1,098,826 410,133
Debentures Debentures	8,130,706		8,130,706
Leasing liability	3,423	3,423	-
Financial instruments derivatives	56,118		56,118
Deferred taxes and social contributions	1,433,636	1,274,742	158,894
Deferred Taxes	671,692	671,692	-
Provisions for contingencies	63,146	2,594	60,552
Provision for asset demobilization	33	33	-
Special obligations	-	(20,011)	20,011
Suppliers	17,736		17,736
Other payables	26,572	-	26,572
Total Non Current Liabilities	10,813,195	1,932,473	8,880,722
Total Liabilities	11,945,344	1,965,796	9,979,548
Shareholder's Equity			
Paid-in capital	3,042,035	4 220	3,042,035
Capital Reserve Earnings reserve	598,736	4,229	594,507
Proposed additional dividends	2,459,295	<u>-</u>	2,459,295
Equity valuation adjustment	4,317		4,317
AFAC Reserve			-,02.
Interim dividends and interest on equity	-	-	-
Accumulated profit (losses)		5,147,942	(5,147,942)
Current results	386,772	171,404	215,368
Attributing interest of controlling shareholders	6,491,155	5,323,575	1,167,580
Participation of non-controlling shareholders			-
Total Shareholder's Equity	6,491,155	5,323,575	1,167,580
Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity	18,436,499	7,289,371	11,147,128



5.8. IFRS Cash Flow

<u> </u>	1Q23
rousand Cash Flow from operating activities	IFRS
Income for the period	386,772
Adjusts to:	
Equity Method (subsidiaries net income)	(187,406)
Depreciation and amortization Amortization of right of use	3,579 1,657
Tax, social security, labor and civil provisions	1,799
Environmental compensation provisions	-
Revenues from financial investments	(307)
Implementation cost - provision suppliers Interest, monetary variation and exchange gains / losses and fair value adjustment on	58,027
Interest and inflation adjustment on debentures	289,428
Derivative financial instruments	17,109
Leasing liability interest	110
Income tax and social contribution Income tax and social contribution deferred	10,071
Deferred taxes	51,077 5,467
Financial Asset Remuneration	-
Monetary Restatement of Financial Asset	-
Remuneration of Contractual Asset	(267,466
Monetary Restatement of Contractual Asset Implementation of Infrastructure Revenues	(136,421)
Gains (losses) on company acquisitions	(75,100)
Income from monetary restatement of judicial deposits	(372)
Monetary restatement of contingencies expense	4,030
Variable Portion Provision	(17,731)
et a thibbe	141,794
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) Reduction in customer balance	(21,784)
(Increase) Decrease in the Balance of Financial assets	(21,764)
(Increase) Decrease in the Balance of Concession Contractual assets	(491,886)
(Increase) Decrease in the balance of income tax and social contribution assets	220
(Increase) Decrease in the balance of Income taxes and defered social contribution	
(Increase) Reduction in the balance of deferred taxes (Increase) Decrease in the balance of other assets	/2 701
(Increase) Decrease in balance of trade accounts payable	(3,781)
(Increase) Decrease in the balance of regulatory fees	(68)
(Increase) Decrease in the balance of other payables	(20,828)
Dividends earned from jointly controlled	-
Dividends and interest on equity earned from jointly controlled	49,229 (574,878)
Cash from operating activities	(433,084)
Income tax and social contribution paid	(22,617)
Cash flow of investing activities	(455,701)
Additions in property, intangible assets	
(Increase) Decrease in the balance of DTVM and other investments	7
(Additions) Write-offs in fixed and intangible assets	(21,743)
(Additions) Write-offs in investment Acquisition of associate companies	
Acquisition of associate companies Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries	-
Capital increase in the joint subsidiary	-
Capital increase in associates	
Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates	
Net cash used in investing activities	
Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries	-
Cash Flow provided by financing activities	(21,736)
Payment of borrowings and financing (principal)	
Borrowing and financing	-
Payment of borrowing and financing - principal	(1,851)
Payment of borrowing and financing - interest	(10,881)
Debentures Payment of debentures (principal)	995,181
Payment of debentures (interest)	(64,416)
Payment of derivative financial instruments (interest)	(15,310)
Receipt (payment) on settlement of financial instruments	-
Payment of lease liabilities	(2,591)
Payment of dividends and interest on equity Advance for future capital increase	(459,997)
·	-
Capital increase Others	
Capital increase Others	433,984
Capital increase	
Capital increase Others Net Cash provided by financing activities Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	(43,453) 1,083,174
Capital increase Others Net Cash provided by financing activities Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	433,984 (43,453) 1,083,174 1,039,721 (43,453)



5.9. Regulatory Cash Flow

Cash Flow	1Q23
nousand	Regulatory
Cash Flow from operating activities Income for the period	215,368
Adjusts to:	213,308
Equity Method (subsidiaries net income)	(91,700)
Depreciation and amortization	73,595
Amortization of right of use	- 4 700
Tax, social security, labor and civil provisions Environmental compensation provisions	1,799
Revenues from financial investments	(307)
Implementation cost - provision suppliers	-
Interest, monetary variation and exchange gains / losses and fair value adjustment on	(2,529)
Interest and inflation adjustment on debentures	289,428
Derivative financial instruments Leasing liability interest	17,109
Income tax and social contribution	10,071
Income tax and social contribution deferred	32,940
Deferred taxes	-
Financial Asset Remuneration	-
Monetary Restatement of Financial Asset Remuneration of Contractual Asset	
Monetary Restatement of Contractual Asset	
Implementation of Infrastructure Revenues	-
Gains (losses) on company acquisitions	-
Income from monetary restatement of judicial deposits	(372)
Monetary restatement of contingencies expense	4,030
Variable Portion Provision	(17,731) 531,701
Changes in assets and liabilities:	331,701
(Increase) Reduction in customer balance	(21,784)
(Increase) Decrease in the Balance of Financial assets	-
(Increase) Decrease in the Balance of Concession Contractual assets	-
[Increase] Decrease in the balance of income tax and social contribution assets	220
[Increase] Decrease in the balance of Income taxes and defered social contribution [Increase] Reduction in the balance of deferred taxes	-
(Increase) Decrease in the balance of other assets	(3,781)
(Increase) Decrease in balance of trade accounts payable	(27,948)
(Increase) Decrease in the balance of regulatory fees	(68)
(Increase) Decrease in the balance of other payables	(20,828)
Dividends earned from jointly controlled	-
Dividends and interest on equity earned from jointly controlled	49,229 (24,960)
Cash from operating activities	506,741
Income tax and social contribution paid	(22,617)
Cash flow of investing activities	484,124
Additions in property, intangible assets	
(Increase) Decrease in the balance of DTVM and other investments	7
(Additions) Write-offs in fixed and intangible assets	(964,159)
[Additions] Write-offs in investment	-
Acquisition of associate companies Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	_
	-
Acquisition of Jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary	-
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries	- - -
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries	- - - -
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates	- - - - -
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities	- - - - - -
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries	- - - - - - (964.152)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities	- - - - - (964,152)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal)	(964,152)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities	-
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in sasociates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing	(1,851)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - principal	(1,851)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in sasociates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - principal Payment of borrowing and financing - interest Debentures Payment of debentures (principal)	(1,851) (10,881) 995,181 (6,151)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - interest Debentures Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (interest)	(1,851) (10,881) 995,181 (6,151) (64,416)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - principal Payment of borrowing and financing - interest Debentures Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of derivative financial instruments (interest)	(1,851) (10,881) 995,181 (6,151) (64,416)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - interest Debentures Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (interest)	(1,851) (10,881) 995,181 (6,151) (64,416)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - principal Payment of borrowing and financing - interest Debentures Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of derivative financial instruments (interest) Receipt (payment) on settlement of financial instruments	(1,851) (10,881) 995,181 (6,151) (64,416) (15,310)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - principal Payment of borrowing and financing - interest Debentures Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of derivative financial instruments (interest) Receipt (payment) on settlement of financial instruments Payment of lease liabilities	(1,851) (10,881) 995,181 (6,151) (64,416) (15,310)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in associates Capital increase in associates Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - principal Payment of borrowing and financing - interest Debentures Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of derivative financial instruments (interest) Receipt (payment) on settlement of financial instruments Payment of lease liabilities Payment of dividends and interest on equity Advance for future capital increase Capital increase	(1,851) (10,881) 995,181 (6,151) (64,416) (15,310)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in associates Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - principal Payment of borrowing and financing - interest Debentures Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of derivative financial instruments (interest) Receipt (payment) on settlement of financial instruments Payment of dividends and interest on equity Advance for future capital increase Capital increase Others	(1,851) (10,881) 995,181 (6,151) (64,416) (15,310) - (459,997)
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in associates Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - principal Payment of borrowing and financing - interest Debentures Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of derivative financial instruments (interest) Receipt (payment) on settlement of financial instruments Payment of dividends and interest on equity Advance for future capital increase Capital increase Others Net Cash provided by financing activities	(1,851) (10,881) 995,181 (6,151) (64,416) (15,310) - - (459,997) - - - -
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in jointly-owned subsidiaries Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - principal Payment of borrowing and financing - interest Debentures Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of derivative financial instruments (interest) Receipt (payment) on settlement of financial instruments Payment of lease liabilities Payment of dividends and interest on equity Advance for future capital increase Capital increase Others Net Cash provided by financing activities Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,851) (10,881) 995,181 (6,151) (64,416) (15,310) - (459,997) - - 436,575
Acquisition of jointly controlled subsidiaries Capital increase in the joint subsidiary Capital increase in associates Capital increase in associates Capital increase in associates Net cash used in investing activities Advance for future capital increase in subsidiaries Cash Flow provided by financing activities Payment of borrowings and financing (principal) Borrowing and financing Payment of borrowing and financing - principal Payment of borrowing and financing - interest Debentures Payment of debentures (principal) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of debentures (interest) Payment of derivative financial instruments (interest) Receipt (payment) on settlement of financial instruments Payment of dividends and interest on equity Advance for future capital increase Capital increase Others Net Cash provided by financing activities	(1,851) (10,881) 995,181 (6,151) (64,416) (15,310) - - (459,997) - - - -



Disclaimer

The consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil, comprising the Brazilian corporate law, Statements, Guidelines and Interpretations issued by the Accounting Pronouncements Committee and the standards of the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM), combined with specific legislation issued by the National Electricity Regulatory Agency (ANEEL). ANEEL, as a regulatory agency, has the power to regulate concessions.

The statements in this document related to business prospects, projections about operating and financial results, and those related to Taesa's growth prospects are merely projections and, as such, based solely on the executive boards expectations about the business future. These expectations depend, substantially, on changes in market conditions, the Brazilian economy performance, the industry and international markets and, therefore, are subject to change without prior notice.

EBITDA:

EBITDA is net income before taxes, net financial expenses, and depreciation, amortization and income expenses. EBITDA is not recognized by accounting practices adopted in Brazil or by IFRS, does not represent cash flow for the covered periods, and should not be considered as alternative net income. EBITDA presented is used by Taesa to measure its own performance. Taesa understands that some investors and financial analysts use EBITDA as an indicator of its operating performance.

Net debt:

"Net debt" is not recognized by accounting practices adopted in Brazil or by IFRS, does not represent cash flow for the covered periods. Net debt presented is used by Taesa to measure its own performance. Taesa understands that some investors and financial analysts use debt net as an indicator of its operating performance.

